

**MINISTRY FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES NEW
ZEALAND**

**IMPORTING COUNTRIES PHYTOSANITARY
REQUIREMENTS**

ISRAEL

Status: **Approved**

Date: **20 June 2003**

Amendment Record

Amendment No.	Date:	Nature of Amendment:	Approved by:
1.	20 June 2003	Issue of ICPR	WJH
2.	1 February 2005	Amendment of MPI contact details Section 1.1 and 1.2. Minor reformatting of document.	WJH
3.	23 March 2007	Amendment of MPI contact details Section 1.1	SW
4.	31 July 2007	Amendment of prohibitions. Section 2.1	IV
5.	22 October 2009	New regulations for the import of plants, plant products, pests and regulated articles. Israel Regulations Concerning Plant Protection (Import of Plants, Plant Products, Pests and Regulated Articles) – 2009.	GI
6.	07 May 2012	Section 2.4 – Amendments made to the Quarantine Pest List. Section 2.5 MPL of seed for sowing added. Section 4.1.1 – Phytosanitary import requirements added for kiwifruit (<i>Actinidia chinensis</i> and <i>A. deliciosa</i>)	CB

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1 General Information

1.1 For enquires about this standard email the Plant Exports Group: PlantExports@MPI.govt.nz

To help Exports process your email please record in the subject line of your email descriptive keywords which are relevant to your enquiry i.e. ICPR enquiry-Country-specific details.

For urgent enquiries phone, fax or email the Plant Exports Group

- Telephone: 0800 008 333 (selecting option 3, then option 4) Fax : 64 4 894 0733; or
- Email: [PlantExports](mailto:PlantExports@MPI.govt.nz)

1.2 Scope

This standard specifies Israel's phytosanitary requirements for the stated commodities and commodity classes only. If a commodity or commodity group is not identified within Section 3 or Section 4 exporters should contact:

- Israel directly to ascertain requirements refer Section 2.2.4

or

[Ministry for Primary Industries \(MPI\)](#), New Zealand (Plant Exports)

Please note the determination and provision of phytosanitary requirements for a commodity not identified within an ICPR, is undertaken on a cost recovery basis. A link to the list of Plant Exports Fees and Charges is available on <http://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/regs/exports/plants/fees>

- You may contact the country you wish to export to directly or
- contact the Plant Exports Team.

Users of this document are strongly advised to review all sections of the ICPR for the determination of a commodity's phytosanitary requirements.

1.3 Phytosanitary Legislation

The following legislation controls the importation of plants and plant materials into Israel:

- Plant Import Regulations 1970 (revoked)

- Regulations Concerning Plant Protection (Import of Plant Products, Pests and Regulated Articles) 2009 (PPIS)

1.4 Definitions

Area – Country, part of a country or all parts of several countries;

Pest free area – An area in which a specific pest does not occur or is being officially controlled;

International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC) – A convention on Plant Protection published in 1997 by the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), and deposited for public view in the library of the Plant Protection and Inspection Services of the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development (hereafter, the Ministry of Agriculture);

Country – A state, and in respect to a union of states any of the states forming part of the union;

Country of exit - The country from which the consignment was sent to Israel;

Country of origin – The country where the plants, plant products or regulated articles were grown or produced;

Director – The director of the Plant Protection and Inspection Services of the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development or a person appointed for the purpose of these regulations;

Agreement on the Application of Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures (SPS) – International Agreement on the application of Sanitary and Phytosanitary measures published in 1994 by the World Trade Organization (WTO);

Post Entry Quarantine – Quarantine applied to a consignment after entry, according to regulations;

Propagation Material – seedlings, cuttings, plantlets, budwood, tissue cultures, roots, bulbs, tubers, seeds, mushroom spores, or any other part of a plant imported for propagation and cultivation;

Treatment – Action taken in accordance with the methods described in the regulations, with the purpose of preventing introduction of pests into Israel;

Re-Export – A consignment imported to Israel and later exported, without being exposed to contamination by pests;

Plant Product – As defined by the Law and excluding those products of plant origin that underwent a process of freezing at a temperature below -18°C or roasting at a temperature above 185°C for a period of at least 15 minutes;

Package - A packing unit for the import of a consignment;

Official Laboratory – A laboratory recognized by the Plant Protection Organization of the Country of Origin or the Country of Exit, as applicable; should a laboratory test be required after arrival of the consignment to Israel, it will be done by the laboratory of the Ministry of Agriculture or by another laboratory approved by the Director;

Inspector – Any person appointed under section 10 of the Israel Law;

Growing Medium – Any material in which plants are sown, rooted or grown, excluding soil, sand compost and organic waste;

Consignment - Plants, plant products, pests, or any other regulated articles moved from one country to another;

Consignment in Transit – A consignment imported to Israel for the purpose of being passed to another country as is;

Pest – Any species, strain, or biotype of plant or animal, including bacteria, viruses, fungi or weeds, injurious to plants;

Quarantine Pest - Any pest listed in Annex 2 (Quarantine Pests) or any other pest not present in Israel or not established therein;

Latent Pest – A pest existing in a plant without showing symptoms;

Port of Entry – The sea ports of Ashdod, Haifa and Eilat, Ben-Gurion airport, or any other entry point authorized by the Director;

Treatment Manual – A manual describing the treatments of a consignment, amended periodically by the Director, and deposited for public view in the library of the Ministry of Agriculture;

Genetically Modified Plant – A plant modified by means of Genetic Engineering;

Official Quarantine Station – A place officially held and managed by the Government for the purpose of inspection and growing of a consignment of plants according to regulation 10(C);

Phytosanitary Certificate – Certificate of Plant Health patterned according to the IPPC;

Certificate of Origin – A certificate issued in the Country of Origin by an authority recognized by the Director for the purpose of identifying the origin of the consignment.

2 General Requirements

2.1 Prohibitions

The following commodities and/or items are prohibited entry from New Zealand:

Scientific Name	Common Name	Plant Part Prohibited
Aquatic plants; <i>Sagittaria sagittifolia</i> <i>Ipomoea aquatica</i> <i>Cyperus difformis</i> <i>Cyperus esculentus</i> <i>Eichhornia crassipes</i> <i>Monochoria</i> spp. <i>Salvinia auriculata</i> <i>Solanum dulcamara</i>		Vegetative propagation material (excluding seeds), cut flowers and branches
	Cultures of fungi, bacteria and viruses	All
<i>Gossypium</i> <i>Morus</i> <i>Ficus carica</i> <i>Cannabis</i>		Vegetative propagation material (excluding seeds), cut flowers and branches
All genera & species (other than those mentioned in other sections or permitted by an import permit) Gramineae (Poaceae)		Vegetative propagation material (excluding seeds), cut flowers and branches
All genera & species Lauraceae		Vegetative propagation material (excluding seeds), cut flowers and branches
<i>Lilium</i> spp.	Lily	Bulbs
All genera & species Loranthaceae		Vegetative propagation material (excluding seeds), cut flowers and branches
Miscellaneous		(1) Soil and compost; sand, organic manure, compost (except peat) (2) Waste from airplanes, ships, or any other transport vehicles;

Scientific Name	Common Name	Plant Part Prohibited
		(3) Live invertebrate animals, of any developmental stage, including insects, snails, worms, mites and fungal cultures (but not including those for mushrooms for human consumption), bacteria and viruses, or any other organisms considered pests; (4) Packaging material of unprocessed plant origin, excluding; dried moss, peat, ground cork and rock wool or those permitted by an import permit.
All genera & species Musaceae		Vegetative propagation material (excluding seeds), cut flowers and branches
	Noxious weeds	All
All genera & species (other than roses) Rosaceae		Vegetative propagation material (excluding seeds), cut flowers and branches
<i>Feijoa</i> <i>Psidium</i> <i>Olea</i> <i>Fraxinus</i> <i>Syringa</i> <i>Phoenix</i> spp. (other than tissue culture plantlets) <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Pistacia</i> <i>Annona</i> <i>Berberis</i> <i>Carica</i> <i>Diospyros</i> <i>Arbutus</i> <i>Vaccinium</i> <i>Fagus</i> <i>Quercus</i> <i>Castanea</i> <i>Rhamnus</i> <i>Ziziphus</i>		Vegetative propagation material (excluding seeds), cut flowers and branches

Scientific Name	Common Name	Plant Part Prohibited
All genus & species Pinaceae		Vegetative propagation material (excluding seeds), cut flowers and branches
All genera & species Rutaceae		Vegetative propagation material (excluding seeds), cut flowers and branches
All genera & species Sapotaceae		Vegetative propagation material (excluding seeds), cut flowers and branches
All genera & species Sapindaceae		Vegetative propagation material (excluding seeds), cut flowers and branches
	Tropical and subtropical fruit trees and shrubs	All parts including fresh fruits; excluding dried fruits, almond nuts, copra, commercially packaged cured dates
All genera & species Vitaceae		Vegetative propagation material (excluding seeds), cut flowers and branches

Note: No person shall import articles listed above, however Israel may grant an import permit for these articles if the importation is needed for purposes of research or the development of agriculture in Israel.

If an import permit is granted the consignment will be held in an Official Quarantine Station or in another place authorized by the Director with the consent and at the expense of the importer, and will not be released until inspected by an inspector and found free from pests.

2.2 Phytosanitary Import Permits

2.2.1 Phytosanitary import permits state the phytosanitary requirements for importation. The application should be submitted 45 days before the required date of import.

No person shall import plants, plant products, pests or regulated articles without a written import permit unless specified in the specific commodity requirements.

A person importing articles listed in Annex 3 (see below) or goods identified in the specific commodity section as being exempt from import permits but requiring phytosanitary certificates, excluding Genetically Modified Plants or Plant products and excluding articles for re-export and articles imported in hand baggage, will be exempt from the need of an import permit provided that;

- 1) The importer of an article listed in Annex 3 (see below) will attach to the consignment a Certificate of Origin;

- 2) The importer of an article identified in the specific commodity section as not requiring an import permit will attach to the consignment a phytosanitary certificate, and in the case of propagation material, a certificate from a relevant authority in the country of origin, recognized by the Director, stating that the plant is not Genetically Modified;
- 3) The importer of plants listed in Annex 3 (see below) and specific commodities listed not requiring an import permit will not use the plants for propagation, unless they were imported for this stated purpose.

Annex 3: Goods exempt from the requirement for an import permit and phytosanitary certificate but requiring a certificate of origin

- (1) Dried fruit, dried vegetables and dried herbs;
- (2) Dried flowers, leaves and branches for herbal infusions;
- (3) Dried grains for human consumption, animal feed or oil extraction, excluding cotton seeds (*Gossypium hirsutum*);
- (4) Wood products and railway sleepers, excluding wood logs, wood bark and wood chips;
- (5) Nuts, for human consumption, without shells, excluding peanuts (*Arachis hypogaea*) and pecans (*Carya illinoensis*);
- (6) One Etrog (*Citrus medica*) for personal use for religious purposes;
- (7) Cut flowers and branches
 - (a) Dried, having undergone a chemical or fumigation treatment prior to shipment, in accordance with the requirements detailed in the Treatment Manual, and accompanied by an official Treatment Certificate issued by the Plant Protection Organization or of the country of origin or the country of export, as appropriate;
- (8) Packing material

2.2.2 Phytosanitary import permits are required for the importation of the following commodity classes from New Zealand:

- fresh fruit and vegetables where specified
- fresh and dried cut flowers and foliage
- all nursery stock (unless specified)
- seeds, grains and nuts for sowing
- nuts with shell for processing
- growing media
- scientific samples
- genetically modified plants

2.2.3 Phytosanitary import permits and conditions of import may be requested from:

The Director
Plant Protection and Inspection Services
Plant Quarantine Services
P.O.B 78, Bet-Dagan 50250

2.3 Phytosanitary Certificates

- 2.3.1 An importer of a consignment, unless containing a commodity listed in Annex 3 (Phytosanitary Import Permit section), must attach to the consignment a phytosanitary certificate, in the original, of the Country of Origin, and present it to an Inspector at the Port of Entry.

A consignment coming from a Country of Exit different from the Country of Origin will be accompanied in addition to a phytosanitary certificate of the Country of Origin with a phytosanitary certificate of the Country of Exit and will bear the stamp and signature of an authorized person by the NPPO of the Country of Exit.

A phytosanitary certificate will not be valid unless the consignment was inspected by an authorized person in the Country of Origin-

- (1) Within 14 days prior to dispatch of the consignment if it contains vegetative propagation material, fresh fruits and vegetables, flowers or pot plants;
- (2) Within 30 days prior to dispatch of the consignment if it contains articles not listed in paragraph (1).

Phytosanitary certificates are required to accompany the following commodity classes from New Zealand:

- fresh fruit and vegetables
- fresh and dried cut flowers and foliage
- all nursery stock
- seeds, grains and nuts for sowing
- nuts with shell
- growing media

- 2.3.2 Phytosanitary certificates are not required to accompany the following commodity classes from New Zealand:

- frozen fruit and vegetables

Annex 3: Goods exempt from the requirement for an import permit and phytosanitary certificate but requiring a certificate of origin

- (1) Dried fruit, dried vegetables and dried herbs;
- (2) Dried flowers, leaves and branches for herbal infusions;
- (3) Dried grains for human consumption, animal feed or oil extraction, excluding cotton seeds (*Gossypium hirsutum*);

- (4) Wood products and railway sleepers, excluding wood logs, wood bark and wood chips;
- (5) Nuts, for human consumption, without shells, excluding peanuts (*Arachis hypogaea*) and pecans (*Carya illinoensis*);
- (6) One Etrog (*Citrus medica*) for personal use for religious purposes;
- (7) Cut flowers and branches
 - (a) Dried, having undergone a chemical or fumigation treatment prior to shipment, in accordance with the requirements detailed in the Treatment Manual, and accompanied by an official Treatment Certificate issued by the Plant Protection Organization or of the country of origin or the country of export, as appropriate;
- (8) Packing material

2.4 Quarantine Pests

Annex 2 (Regulations 2009)

List of quarantine pests

Insects

Coleoptera

Anthonomus spp.

Aridius bifasciatus

Blitopertha orientalis syn.: *Anomala orientalis*

Catoptes binodis

Conotrachelus nenuphar

Conotrachelus perseae

Corticicaria hirtalis

Cosmopolites sordidus

Cryptamorpha desjardinsi

Dendroctonus spp.

Dryocoetes confusus

Epilachna varivestis

Epitrix tuberis

Gnathotrichus sulcatus

Gonipterus gibberus

Gonipterus scutellatus

Ips spp.

Leptinotarsa decemlineata

Listronotus bonariensis

Melolontha hippocastani

Micrambina rutila

Mitrastethus baridiodes

Oreda notata

Otiorhynchus sulcatus

Paraphloeostiba gayndahensis

Pissodes spp.

Popillia japonica

Premnotrypes spp.

Pristonychus complanatus

Prostephanus truncatus

Rhynchophorus ferrugineus

Rhynchophorus phoenicis

Sharpinus brouni

Sternochetus frigidus

Stethorus bifidus

Xylosandrus compactus

Diptera

Anastrepha spp

Atherigona oryzae

Bactrocera spp.

Ceratitis quinaria

Ceratitis rosa

Contarinia sorghicola

Dacus ciliatus

Delia floralis

Epochra canadensis

Euphranta japonica

Merodon equestris

Nemorimyza maculosa syn.: *Amauromyza maculosa*

Rhagoletis spp.

Scatapse notata

Hemiptera

Nipaecoccus aurilanatus

Scolypopa australis

Zygina spp.

Heteroptera

Bagrada hilaris

Fabriciella australis syn. *Leptoglossus australis*

Helopeltis schoutedeni

Lygus oblineatus

Nysius huttoni

Homoptera

Aleurocanthus spiniferus

Aleurocanthus woglumi

Aleurodicus dispersus

Aonidiella citrina

Aspidiotus destructor

Aulacorthum circumflexum

Cacopsylla mali

Cacopsylla pyri

Cerataphis lataniae

Cerataphis orchidearum

Ceroplastes destructor

Ceroplastes rubens

Diaphorina citri

Ferrisia virgata

Hysteroneura setariae

Laodelphax striatella

Lopholeucaspis japonica

Maconellicoccus hirsutus

Myzus cerasi

Myzus ornatus

Nipaecoccus nipae

Parthenolecanium corni

Pineus pini

Planococcus lilacinus

Pseudococcus calceolariae

Pseudococcus comstocki
Pulvinaria psidii
Quadraspidiotus perniciosus
Rhopalosiphum enigmae
Rhopalosiphum musae
Scaphoideus titanus
Sinomegoura citricola
Toxoptera citricidus
Toxoptera odinae
Trioza erytreae
Unaspis citri
Unaspis yanonensis

Hymenoptera

Gilpinia hercyniae

Lepidoptera

Acrobasis spp.
Acrolepiopsis assectella
Adoxophyes orana:
Alabama argillacea
Blastobasis tarda
Carposina niponensis
Chilo partellus
Chilo suppressalis
Cleora scriptaria
Cnephasia jactatana
Cryptophlebia leucotreta
Cryptophlebia ombrodelta
Ctenopseustis obliquana
Ctenopseustis herana
Cydia funebrana
Cydia inopinata
Cydia molesta
Cydia packardi
Cydia prunivora
Epichoristodes acerbella
Epiphyas postvittana
Erechthias sp.
Eupoecilia ambiguella
Graphania mutans
Graphania ustistriga
Helicoverpa zea
Heliothis virescens
Hyphantria cunea
Lymantria dispar
Lymantria monacha
Marasmia trapezalis
Operophtera brumata
Opogona sacchari
Ostrinia furnacalis

Parasa vivida
Planotortrix excessana
Planotortrix notophaea
Planotortrix octo
Polychrosis viteana
Prygotis plagiatana
Pyroderces aellotricha
Sesamia inferens
Spodoptera eridania
Spodoptera exempta
Spodoptera frugiperda
Spodoptera litura
Stathmopoda horticola
Stathmopoda plumbiflua
Stathmopoda skelloni

Neuroptera

Micromus tasmaniae

Orthoptera

Caedicia simplex

Poduromorpha

Hypogastrura spp.

Thysanoptera

Apterygothrips collyerae
Ceratothrips frici
Frankliniella insularis
Frankliniella musaesperda
Frankliniella parvula
Hercinothrips bicinctus
Merothrips brunneus
Merothrips floridensis
Nesothisrips propinques
Nesothisrips rangi
Scirtothrips aurantii
Scirtothrips dorsalis
Thrips florum
Thrips hawaiiensis
Thrips obscuratus
Thrips nigropilosus
Thrips palmi Karny

Prostigmata (Mites)

Bryobia eharai
Bryobia rubrioculus
Clavazetes sp.
Cryptognathus woodii
Cunaxa sp. nr. *setirostri*
Cyta latirostris

Eotetranychus lewisi
Eotetranychus mandensis
Eotetranychus pallidus
Eotetranychus sexmaculatus
Eutetranychus africanus
Galumna rugosa
Haptonchus takhtajami
Hylaster ater
Hylurgus ligniperda
Liodes nigricans
Mecognathe hirsuta
Neocunaxoides andrei
Oligonychus bicolor
Oligonychus perditus
Oligonychus punicae
Oligonychus yothersi
Panonychus elongatus
Petrobia apicalis
Petrobia latens
Pseudostigmaeus collyerae
Ramsayellus grandis
Setobates minor
Steneotarsonemus pallidus
Tarsonemus confusus
Tarsonemus waitei
Tetranychus canadensis
Tetranychus fijiensis
Tetranychus horridus
Tetranychus mcdanieli
Tetranychus pacificus
Tetranychus viennensis
Tuckerella flabellifera
Typhlodromus tropicus
Zetzellia longisea

Fungi

Aecidium mori
Alternaria gossypii
Alternaria passiflorae
Apiognomonina erythrostoma
 syn.: *Gnomonia erythrostoma*
Apiosporina morbosa
Armillaria mellea
Armillaria novae zelandiae
Ascochyta gossypii
Ascochyta sorghi
Asperisporium caricae
Atropellis spp.
Botryosphaeria berengeriana f. sp. *piricola*
 syn.: *Guignardia piricola*
Botryosphaeria dothidea

Botryosphaeria laricina syn.: *Guignardia laricina*
Botryosphaeria parva
Botryosphaeria stevensii
Botryosphaeria zeae
Ceratocystis fagacearum
Ceratocystis fimbriata
Ceratocystis virescens
Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli
Ciborinia camelliae
Cladosporium musae
Claviceps sorghi
Cochliobolus carbonum
Colletotrichum acutatum
Colletotrichum gossypii teleomorph:
Glomerella gossypii
Colletotrichum graminicola
Colletotrichum lagenarium syn.:
Colletotrichum orbiculare, *Glomerella lagenaria*
Cronartium spp.
Cryphonectria parasitica
Cryptosporiopsis sp.
Cytospora sacculus teleomorph: *Valsa ceratosperma*
Diaporthe actinidae
Diaporthe perniciososa
Diaporthe phaseolorum
Diaporthe phaseolorum
Diaporthe sp.
Diaporthe vaccinii
Didymella asphodeli
Dipodascus geotrichum
Dothistroma septospora syn.: *Scirrhia pini*
 teleomorph: *Mycosphaerella pini* var.
septospora
Drepanopeziza ribis
Elsinoe australis
Elsinoe batatas
Elsinoe fawcettii
Elsinoe veneta
Endocronartium harknessii
Eutypa lata
Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. *albedinis*
Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. *cubense*
Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. *vasinfectum*
Fusicoccum luteum
Gibberella baccata
Glomerella gossypii anamorph:
Colletotrichum gossypii
Gnomonia fragariae

Gremmeniella abietina
Guignardia bidwellii
Guignardia citricarpa
Gymnosporangium spp.
Hamaspora longissima
Hypoxyton mammatum
Kabatiella zeae
Kabatina juniperi
Kabatina thujae
Melampsora farlowii
Melampsora medusae
Monilinia fruticola
Monilinia fruticola
Mycosphaerella caricae
Mycosphaerella citri
Mycosphaerella convallariae
Mycosphaerella fijiensis
Mycosphaerella musicola
Mycosphaerella pini var. *septospora*
Mycosphaerella populorum
Mycosphaerella zeae-maydis
Nectria cinnabarina
Nectria galligena
Ophiostoma wageneri
Peronophythora litchii
Peronosclerospora maydis
Peronospora euphorbiae
Peronospora ficariae
Peronospora hyoscyami syn.: *Peronospora hyoscyami* f. sp. *tabacina*
Peronospora oerteliana
Peronospora rubi
Peronospora tabacina
Phacidiopycnis malorum teleomorph:
Potebniomyces pyri
Phaeoisariopsis griseola syn.: *Cercospora griseola*
Phaeoramularia angolensis syn.:
Cercospora angolensis
Phellinus weirii
Phialophora cinerescens syn.: *Verticillium cinerescens*
Phoma andigena
Phoma exigua var. *foveata*
Phoma macrostoma
Phomopsis elaeidis
Phomopsis juniperovora
Phomopsis mangiferae
Phomopsis sclerotioides
Phomopsis tersa
Phyllosticta solitaria

Phymatotrichopsis omnivora syn.:
Phymatotrichum omnivorum
Physopella ampelopsidis
Phytophthora cinnamomi
Phytophthora fragariae
Phytophthora megasperma
Phytophthora ramorum
Polyscytalum pustulans
Potebniomyces pyri anamorph:
Phacidiopycnis malorum
Puccinia arachidis
Puccinia cacabata
Puccinia horiana
Puccinia pittieriana
Septoria helianthi
Septoria lycopersici var. *malagutii*
Sphaceloma arachidis
Stagonospora meliloti
Stenocarpella macrospora
Stenocarpella maydis syn.: *Diplodia zeae*
Stromatinia cepivorum syn.: *Sclerotium cepivorum*
 syn.: *Scirrhia pini* anamorph: *Dothistroma septospora*
Synchytrium endobioticum
Taphrina maculans
Thecaphora solani
Tilletia ayresii
Tilletia controversa
Tilletia indica
Tilletia lolii
Urocystis cepulae
Urocystis gladiolicola
Uromyces musae
Valsa ceratosperma syn.: *Valsa mali*
 anamorph: *Cytospora sacculus*
Venturia nashicola
Verticillium albo-atrum

Bacteria

Acidovorax avenae
Burkholderia andropogonis
Burkholderia caryophylli syn.: *Pseudomonas caryophylli*
Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. *insidiosus*
Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. *michiganensis*
Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. *nebraskensis*

Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. *sepedonicus*
Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. *flaccumfaciens*
Erwinia chrysanthemi
Erwinia cypripedii
Erwinia tracheiphilla
Liberobacter africanum (Citrus greening bacterium, heat-sensitive form)
Liberobacter asiaticum (Citrus greening bacterium, heat-tolerant form)
Pantoea stewartii pv. *stewartii* .syn.: *Erwinia stewartii*
Pseudomonas amygdali
Pseudomonas savastanoi pv. *phaseolicola*
Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *actinidae
Pseudomonas syringae pv. *maculicola*
Pseudomonas syringae pv. *passiflorae*
Pseudomonas syringae pv. *persicae*
Pseudomonas syringae pv. *pisi*
Ralstonia solanacearum .syn
Pseudomonas solanacearum
Xanthomonas arboricola pv. *corylina*
Xanthomonas arboricola pv. *pruni*
Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. *begoniae*
Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. *citri*
Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. *malvacearum*
Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. *phaseoli*
Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. *vitians*
Xanthomonas fragariae
Xanthomonas hortorum pv. *carotae*
Xanthomonas hyacinthi
Xanthomonas populi
Xanthomonas translucens pv. *graminis*
Xylella fastidiosa (Pierce's disease)
Xylophilus ampelinus syn.: *Xanthomonas ampelina*

Phytoplasma

Apple chat fruit phytoplasma
 Apple proliferation phytoplasma
 Apple rubbery wood phytoplasma
 Apricot chlorotic leafroll phytoplasma
 Aster yellows complex phytoplasma syn.:
 Lettuce yellows phytoplasma
 Citrus witches' broom phytoplasma
 Elm phloem necrosis phytoplasma
 Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma
 Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma
 Peach rosette phytoplasma
 Peach X phytoplasma

Peach yellows phytoplasma
 Pear decline phytoplasma
 Potato purple top wilt phytoplasma
 Potato marginal flavescence phytoplasma
 syn.: Potato marginal flavescence bacterium
 Potato phyllody phytoplasma
 Potato stolbur phytoplasma
 Potato witches' broom phytoplasma
 Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma

Viruses and viroids

Apple dimple fruit apscaviroid
 Apple mosaic ilarvirus
 Apple scar skin apscaviroid syn.: Apple dapple apple apscaviroid
 Arabis mosaic nepovirus
 Arracacha B nepovirus (oca strain)
 Banana bract mosaic potyvirus
 Banana bunchy top nanovirus
 Banana streak badnavirus
 Barley stripe mosaic hordeivirus
 Beet curly top curtovirus
 Beet leaf curl rhabdovirus
 Beet necrotic yellow vein benyvirus
 Black currant reversion nepovirus
 Blueberry leaf mottle nepovirus
 Carnation Italian ringspot tombusvirus syn.:
 Tomato bushy stunt tombusvirus carnation strain
 Carnation latent carlavirus
 Carnation vein mottle potyvirus
 Cherry A capillovirus
 Cherry leaf roll nepovirus
 Cherry little cherry closterovirus
 Cherry necrotic rusty mottle foveavirus
 Cherry rasp leaf nepovirus
 Chrysanthemum chlorotic mottle avoviroid
 Chrysanthemum stunt pospiviroid
 Citrus leprosis rhabdovirus
 Citrus ringspot virus syn.: Citrus psorosis B ophiavirus
 Citrus tatter leaf capillovirus
 Coconut cadang-cadang cocoviroid
 Cucumber green mottle mosaic tobamovirus
 Gooseberry vein banding badnavirus
 Groundnut rosette umbravirus
 Impatiens necrotic spot tospovirus
 Lettuce necrotic yellows cytorhabdovirus
 Lisianthus necrosis necrovirus

Melon necrotic spot carmovirus
Narcissus tip necrosis carmovirus
Peach latent mosaic avoviroid
Peach rosette mosaic nepovirus
Peach stem pitting virus
Plum American line pattern ilarvirus
Plum pox potyvirus (Sharka disease)
Potato Andean latent tymovirus
Potato Andean mottle comovirus
Potato black ringspot nepovirus
Potato spindle tuber pospiviroid
Potato T trichovirus
Potato Y potyvirus (Yc, Yn, Yntn & Yo strains)
Potato yellow dwarf nucleorhabdovirus
Raspberry leaf curl luteovirus

Raspberry ringspot nepovirus
Satsuma dwarf nepovirus
Sour cherry green ring mottle carlavirus
Strawberry crinkle cytorhabdovirus
Strawberry latent C rhabdovirus
Strawberry latent ringspot nepovirus
Strawberry mild yellow edge luteovirus
Strawberry vein banding caulimovirus
Tobacco etch potyvirus
Tobacco rattle tobnavirus
Tobacco ringspot nepovirus
Tobacco streak ilarvirus
Tomato black ring nepovirus
Tomato ringspot nepovirus
Tomato bushy stunt tombusvirus

Graft transmissible pathogens of undetermined etiology

Apple green crinkle disease agent
Apple leaf pucker disease agent
Cherry stem pitting disease agent

Nematodes

Anguina tritici
Aphelenchoides besseyi
Aphelenchoides ritzemabosi
Bursaphelenchus xylophilus
Ditylenchus destructor
Globodera pallida
Globodera rostochiensis
Heterodera fici
Heterodera glycines
Meloidogyne chitwoodi
Nacobbus aberrans
Radopholus citrophilus
Radopholus similis
Xiphinema americanum

Noxious weeds

Acroptilon repens (syn.: *Centaurea picris*,
C. repens):
Alectra spp.
Ambrosia spp.
Arceuthobium spp.
Chrysopogon aciculatus
Cirsium arvense
Commelina benghalensis
Cuscuta spp.
Cyperus alopecuroides

Cyperus amabilis
Cyperus articulatus
Cyperus brevifolius
Cyperus halpan
Cyperus iria
Cyperus rotundus
Elymus repens syn.: *Agropyron repens*
Elytrigia repens
Emex australis
Euphorbia spp. (all weedy species):
Helianthus ciliaris

Ipomoea hederacea
Ipomoea triloba
Ipomoea turbinata
Leptochloa chinensis
Orobancha spp.
Paspalum scrobiculatum syn.: *Paspalum commersonii*)
Polygonum argyrocoleon:
Polygonum convolvulus syn.: *Fallopia convolvulus*
Polygonum pennsylvanicum

Rhus radicans L. (syn. *Toxicodendron radicans*)
Rhus toxicodendron
Rorippa spp.
Rottboellia exaltata
Setaria pallide-fusca
Sida spinosa
Solanum carolinense
Solanum sarrachoides
Solanum torvum
Sonchus arvensis
Striga spp.
Viscum album

Gastropoda

Achatina fulica
Limicolaria aurora
Limicolaria kambeul
Deroceras panoramitanum
Deroceras reticulatum
Arion spp.
Bradibaena similis
Cantareus apertus
Capea nemoralis
Otala lactea
Otala punctata
Cerneulla neglecta
Cerneulla virgata
Cochlicella conoidea
Helicella itala
Monacha spp.
Milax gagates
Tandonia budapestensis
Lamellaxis clavulinus
Veronicella moreleti

2.5 Maximum Pest Limits (MPLs)

For all commodities exported to Israel requiring phytosanitary certificates, the MPL's are:

Quarantine pests* specified by Israel	0.5%
Soil (excluding seed for sowing)	25g/600units
Soil (seed for sowing)	0.1% by weight

*Quarantine pests for Israel include organisms identified within:

- Additional declarations
- Phytosanitary import permit

Note: Where an importing country does not specify any quarantine pests, the MPL of 5% is to be applied for all injurious pests. Refer Section 4.14.4 of PEO.OAR – refer url below:

<http://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/files/regs/stds/peo-oar.pdf>

2.6 Inspection on Arrival

- All consignments of imported plant material are subject to inspection on arrival.
- The importer shall submit to the inspector all original documentation relating to the consignment and present the consignment for inspection in such manner as the inspector may require.
- An inspector may inspect the consignment outside the port of entry; the importer shall move the consignment to the place of inspection at his/her expense and on his/her responsibility.
- As long as an inspector has not allowed the introduction into Israel of a consignment, or allowed its entry for the purpose of inspection it shall not be transferred from its storage place, its packing shall not be opened and it shall not be dealt with in any manner except in accordance with the instructions of the inspector.

NOTE: If an inspector finds that a consignment does not comply with the regulations, or that the consignment is not free from pests, or it appears that the consignment contains latent pests, they may instruct the importer to take one or more of the following measures:

- (1) Destroy the consignment or part thereof in such time and such manner as designated by the inspector;
- (2) Disinfest the consignment or part thereof in such time and such manner as designated by the inspector;
- (3) Test the consignment in an official laboratory;
- (4) Remove the consignment to a post-entry quarantine facility and hold or grow it in such a place for such a time and in such manner as designated by the inspector;
- (5) Remove it out of Israel within such time and in such manner as designated; if the importer fails in doing so, the inspector may take action at the expense of the importer.

If an inspector finds a quarantine pest listed in Annex 2 (Quarantine pests) or a quarantine pest notified by the Director in a consignment, the importer shall be instructed to destroy the consignment or remove it out of Israel, within such time and in such manner as designated. If the importer fails in doing so, the inspector may take action at the expense of the importer.

The Director may allow, upon a request by the importer, entry of the consignment, in accordance with the treatment and conditions designated by him, provided that the consignment is not propagation material or pot plants.

The inspector will not order the destruction of a consignment, in accordance with this regulation, unless, there is a reasonable pest risk; or, in the event that the exporter fails to remove the consignment from Israel within such time and in such manner as instructed by the inspector.

2.7 Sampling Rates (on arrival)

For the following commodity classes, 100% of the consignment will be inspected on arrival:

- propagation material
- fresh produce
- growing media

For all other commodity classes a percentage of consignments will be sampled. Israel has not specified this percentage.

2.8 Ports of Entry

No restrictions on the port of entry for plant and plant products

Principal Airports

Natbag
Ben Gurion

Principal Sea Ports

Haifa
Ashdod
Elat

2.9 Transit Requirements

For all produce transiting Israel en-route to a third country, packaging must not be opened or released from customs. Shipments in transit shall be packed and sealed in such a manner as to prevent scattering

2.10 Treatments

In every case where a treatment is required, from the treatments listed below, the treatment will be carried out in accordance with the instructions given in the Treatment Manual or according to inspector's instructions.

Link to Treatment Manual:

<http://www.ppiseng.moag.gov.il/NR/rdonlyres/90BED4A9-EB14-41BD-99DD-10EF0C3C1B57/0/TreatmentRegulationsPPISImport2009.pdf>

- (1) Fumigation treatments:
 - (a) Methyl bromide fumigation;
 - (b) Phosphine fumigation;
- (2) Hot water treatment;
- (3) Cold treatment:
 - (a) Cold rooms
 - (b) In-transit cold treatment
- (4) Chemical treatments for: Insects, Mites, Fungi and Bacteria;
- (5) Irradiation treatment.

3 Commodity Class Requirements

Every consignment shall be free from soil, sand, compost and organic waste.

3.1 Fruit and Vegetables

3.1.1 Fresh Fruit and Vegetables

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required and phytosanitary certificate required if specified in the commodity specific requirements.

3.1.2 Frozen Fruit and Vegetables

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate not required.

3.1.3 Dried Fruit and Vegetables

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate not required.

3.2 Cut Flowers and Foliage

3.2.1 Fresh Cut Flowers and Foliage

Conditions:

Not provided by the importing country. Refer to General Information regarding advice on determining the import conditions.

3.2.2 Dried Cut Flowers and Foliage

Dried flowers, leaves and branches for herbal infusions

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate not required. Certificate of origin required.

3.3 Nursery Stock

3.3.1 Whole Plants

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate required. (unless specified)

3.3.2 Budwood and Cuttings

Conditions:

Not provided by the importing country. Refer to General Information regarding advice on determining the import conditions.

3.3.3 Bulbs, corms, rhizomes and tubers (for propagation)

Conditions:

Not provided by the importing country. Refer to General Information regarding advice on determining the import conditions.

3.3.4 Tissue culture

Conditions:

Not provided by the importing country. Refer to General Information regarding advice on determining the import conditions.

3.4 Seeds, Grains and Nuts

3.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate required.

Seed cultivars without specific requirements

<i>Acanthus</i>	<i>Sansevieria</i>	<i>Alstroemeria</i>
<i>Hypoestes</i>	<i>Yucca</i>	<i>Bloomeria</i>
<i>Thunbergia</i>	<i>Bergeranthus</i>	<i>Clivia</i>
<i>Actinidia</i>	<i>Delosperma</i>	<i>Crinum</i>
<i>Agave</i>	<i>Dorotheanthus</i>	<i>Hippeastrum</i>
<i>Cordyline</i>	<i>Mesembryanthemum</i>	<i>Narcissus</i>
<i>Dasyllirion</i>	<i>Tetragonia</i>	<i>Pancratium</i>
<i>Dracaena</i>	<i>Amaranthus</i>	<i>Adenium</i>
<i>Nolina</i>	<i>Celosia</i>	<i>Plumeria</i>
<i>Phormium</i>	<i>Leucojum</i>	<i>Rauvolfia</i>

<i>Vinca</i>	<i>Kochia</i>	<i>Crassula</i>
<i>Acorus</i>	<i>Spinacia</i>	<i>Echeveria</i>
<i>Alocasia</i>	<i>Helianthemum</i>	<i>Kalanchoe</i>
<i>Alocasia</i>	<i>Combretum</i>	<i>Villadia</i>
<i>Arisaema</i>	<i>Terminalia sericea</i>	<i>Alyssum</i>
<i>Colocasia</i>	<i>Rhoeo</i>	<i>Dithyrea</i>
<i>Homalomena</i>	<i>Achillea</i>	<i>Erysimum</i>
<i>Dracunculus</i>	<i>Acroclinium</i>	<i>Lavisticum officinalis</i>
<i>Monstera</i>	<i>Ageratum</i>	<i>Aubrieta</i>
<i>Philodendron</i>	<i>Anacyclus</i>	<i>Trichosanthes</i>
<i>Xanthosoma</i>	<i>Anaphalis</i>	<i>Hippophae</i>
<i>Aralia</i>	<i>Anthemis</i>	<i>Croton</i>
<i>Cussonia</i>	<i>Arctotis</i>	<i>Euphorbia</i>
<i>Fatsia</i>	<i>Arnica</i>	<i>Kiggelaria africana</i>
<i>Schefflera</i>	<i>Artemisia</i>	<i>Eustoma (Lisianthus)</i>
<i>Aristolochia</i>	<i>Brachyscome</i>	<i>Exacum</i>
<i>Asclepias</i>	<i>Bupthalam</i>	<i>Gentiana</i>
<i>Hoodia</i>	<i>Carlina</i>	<i>Orphium</i>
<i>Stephanotis</i>	<i>Catananche</i>	<i>Erodium</i>
<i>Impatiens</i>	<i>Coreopsis</i>	<i>Sarcocaulon</i>
<i>Begonia</i>	<i>Cotula</i>	<i>Achimenes</i>
<i>Bignonia</i>	<i>Craspedia</i>	<i>Gesneria</i>
<i>Incarvillea</i>	<i>Cynara</i>	<i>Gloxinia</i>
<i>Pandorea</i>	<i>Dimorphotheca</i>	<i>Streptocarpus</i>
<i>Adansonia</i>	<i>Echinops</i>	<i>Liquidambar</i>
<i>Anchusa</i>	<i>Echinacea</i>	<i>Phacelia</i>
<i>Echium</i>	<i>Felicia</i>	<i>Hypericum</i>
<i>Heliotropium</i>	<i>Gazania</i>	<i>Hypoxis</i>
<i>Aechmea</i>	<i>Gerbera</i>	<i>Rhodohypoxis</i>
<i>Billbergia</i>	<i>Helichrysum</i>	<i>Aristea</i>
<i>Cryptanthus</i>	<i>Helipterum</i>	<i>Babiana</i>
<i>Dyckia</i>	<i>Layia</i>	<i>Belamcanda</i>
<i>Guzmania</i>	<i>Leuzea</i>	<i>Crocosmia</i>
<i>Neoregelia</i>	<i>Liatris</i>	<i>Dierama C</i>
<i>Nidularium</i>	<i>Ligularia</i>	<i>Dietes</i>
<i>Tillandsia</i>	<i>Lonas</i>	<i>Ferraria</i>
<i>Vriesea</i>	<i>Othonna</i>	<i>Iris</i>
<i>Cassia</i>	<i>Ratibida</i>	<i>Moraea</i>
<i>Adenophora</i>	<i>Rudbeckia</i>	<i>Sisyrinchium</i>
<i>Campanula</i>	<i>Santolina</i>	<i>Tritonia</i>
<i>Codonopsis</i>	<i>Solidago</i>	<i>Watsonia</i>
<i>Jasione</i>	<i>Tanacetum</i>	<i>Isotoma</i>
<i>Platycodon</i>	<i>Ursinia</i>	<i>Agastache</i>
<i>Trachelium</i>	<i>Xeranthemum</i>	<i>Ajuga</i>
<i>Cleome</i>	<i>Convolvulus</i>	<i>Coleus</i>
<i>Lonicera</i>	<i>Dichondra</i>	<i>Dracocephalum</i>

Hyssopus
Lavandula
Leonotis
Leonurus
Majorana
Marrubium
Melissa
Mentha
Moluccella
Monarda
Nepeta
Ocimum
Origanum
Phlomis
Physostegia
Plectranthus
Prunella
Rosmarinus
Salvia
Satureja
Scutellaria
Thymus
Acrocarpus
Bauhinia
Chorizema
Petalostemon
Piliostigma
Strongylodon
Pinguicula
Agapanthus
Hemerocallis
Aloe
Blandfordia
Bulbine
Bulbinella
Camassia
Colchicum
Eremurus
Eucomis
Galtonia
Gasteria
Gloriosa
Haworthia
Kniphofia
Ornithogalum
Polygonatum

Sandersonia
Scilla
Zephyranthes
Limnanthes
Laurentia
Lobelia
Cuphea
Lythrum
Magnolia
Lagunaria
Calathea
Melianthus
Acacia
Mimosa
Feijoa
Leptospermum
Melaleuca
Myrtus
Verticordia
Mirabilis
Nymphaea
Anthriscus
Fuchsia
Gaura
Godetia
Paeonia
Eschscholzia
Bolusanthus
Canavalia
Erythrina
Genista
Hardenbergia
Passiflora
Peperomia
Piper
Billardiera
Pittosporum
Platanus
Cobaea
Collomia
Gilia
Polemonium
Polygala
Antigonon
Anacapseros
Calanderinia

Lewisia
Androsace
Dodecatheon
Lysimachia
Nigella
Aconitum
Hovenia
Rhamnus
Eriobotrya
Geum
Sanguisorba minor
Asperula
Gardenia
Pentas
Rothmannia globosa
Sanguinaria
Dodonaea
Astilbe
Bergenia
Heuchera
Alonsoa
Asarina
Calceolaria
Collinsia
Erinus
Linaria
Mimulus
Nemesia
Penstemon
Rhodochiton
Torenia
Verbascum
Kirkia acuminata
Dombeya
Brachychiton
Sterculia murex
Camellia
Dais
Daphne
Grewia
Sparmannia
Tilia
Actinotus
Angelica
Astrantia
Bupleurum

Cuminum
Eryngium
Pimpinella

Trachymene
Centranthus
Patrinia

Valeriana
Lippia
Verbena _

3.4.2 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Consumption

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate not required.

3.4.3 Nuts with Shell for Processing

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and treatment required.

Treatment

Treatment with methyl bromide – as per treatment manual (see general information)

3.4.4 Shelled Nuts for Processing

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not generally required. Phytosanitary certificate not generally required. Exporters should confirm requirements prior to shipping.

3.5 Growing Media

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate required. Growing media shall be free from pests. Growing media shall be packed in such a manner as to prevent scattering during shipment. The packaging of growing media must list the name of the producer, country of origin and the ingredients of the media.

Peat

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate required.

3.6 Packing Material

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate not required. Packaging must be new and clean and free from pests.

Every container or package containing propagation material must be marked in such a manner as to enable the identification of the content and quantity. In addition to that mentioned above, a consignment containing Genetically Modified Plants shall be marked with the phrase: "Genetically Modified Organism"

No materials of plant origin can be utilised for packing a consignment, except dried moss, peat, ground cork and rock wool, unless granted an import permit.

No previously used packing materials are to be utilised unless they are treated in a manner approved by Israel, and the treatment is recorded on the phytosanitary certificate.

All wooden packing material must be marked according to standard ISPM 15 of the IPPC; wood packing material includes pallets and supporting beams.

3.7 Micro-organisms, Microbiological and Laboratory Specimens

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate not required.

4 Commodity Specific Requirements

4.1 Fruit and Vegetables

4.1.1 Fresh Fruit and Vegetables

Conditions:

Refer Section 3.1.1

Actinidia deliciosa

Green Kiwifruit

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. Consignment must be free from leaves and plant residues.

Additional declaration:

"The consignment is in accord with the draft revision of the bilateral quarantine arrangement on Kiwifruit between New Zealand to Israel of April 2012"

And

"The fruit originates from orchards which have performed industry recommended prophylactic insecticide sprays for leafrollers within 5 weeks of fruit set for green kiwifruit"

Actinidia chinensis

Gold Kiwifruit

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required. Consignment must be free from leaves and plant residues.

Additional declaration:

"The consignment is in accord with the draft revision of the bilateral quarantine arrangement on Kiwifruit between New Zealand to Israel of April 2012"

And

"The fruit originates from orchards which have performed industry

recommended prophylactic insecticide sprays for leafrollers within 7 weeks of fruit set for gold kiwifruit”

Agaricus spp.

Mushroom

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required.

Additional declaration:

“The fungi has been grown in closed greenhouses”

And

“The consignment is free from growing media and underground parts”

Citrus spp.

Citrus

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate required.

Cocos

Coconut

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Treatment:

The outer casing must be removed and the fruit have undergone an appropriate Methyl Bromide treatment as listed in the Treatment Manual.

Cyphomandra betacea

Tree Tomato/Tamarillo

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional declaration:

“The fruit originates in an area free from the fruit fly species (specified in the quarantine pest list Annex 2, Part 1, as relevant to the plant species)”

And

“The consignment is free from leaves and plant residues”

And

“The consignment has been inspected prior to shipment and found free from: *Colletotrichum acutatum*; *Diaporthe phaseolorum*”

Lentinus spp.

Shitake Mushroom

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“The fungi has been grown in closed greenhouses”

And

“The consignment is free from growing media and underground parts”

Opuntia spp.

Prickly Pear

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“The fruit originates in an area free from the fruit fly species (specified in the quarantine pest list Annex 2, Part 1, as relevant to the plant species)”

And

“The consignment is free from plant residues”

Solanum muricatum

Pepino

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“The fruit originates in an area free from the fruit fly species (specified in the quarantine pest list Annex 2, Part 1, as relevant to the plant species)”

And

“The consignment is free from leaves and plant residues”

And

“The consignment has been inspected prior to shipment and found free from: *Colletotrichum acutatum*; *Diaporthe phaseolorum*”

4.1.2 Frozen Fruit and Vegetables

Conditions:

Refer Section 3.1.2

4.1.3 Dried Fruit and Vegetables

Conditions:

Refer Section 3.1.3

4.2 Cut Flowers and Foliage

4.2.1 Fresh Cut Flowers and Foliage

Conditions:

Refer Section 3.2.1

4.2.2 Dried Cut Flowers and Foliage

Conditions:

Refer Section 3.2.2

4.3 Nursery Stock

4.3.1 Whole Plants

Conditions:

Refer Section 3.3.1

Araucaria

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional declaration:

“Propagation material originates in New Zealand”

And

“Seedlings have been grown in new growing media, or media that has undergone a disinfection process”

And

“Packaging materials is new” (Each package must be marked with the botanical name and the quantity)

“The seedlings were inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Cryptosporella araucariae;

Dothiorella spp.;

Phoma araucariae;

Phyllosticta araucariae;

Physalospora rhodina;

Phytophthora cinnamomi;

Servazziella longispora (syn: *Cryptospora longispora*)”

4.3.2 Budwood and Cuttings

Conditions:

Refer Section 3.3.2

4.3.3 Bulbs, corms, rhizomes and tubers (for propagation)

Conditions:

Refer Section 3.3.3

Lilium spp.

Lily

Conditions:

PROHIBITED

4.3.4 Tissue Culture

Conditions:

Refer Section 3.3.4

4.4 Seeds, Grains and Nuts

4.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing

Conditions:

Refer Section 3.4.1

Allium

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from a field inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Ditylenchus dipsaci;

Sclerotium cepivorum;

Urocystis cepulae;

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from;
Ditylenchus dipsaci;
Sclerotium cepivorum;
Urocystis cepulae”

Anethum graveolens

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from plants that were inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Phymatotrichopsis (Phymatotrichum) omnivora
Artichoke yellow ringspot nepovirus”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from
Phymatotrichopsis (Phymatotrichum) omnivora
Artichoke yellow ringspot nepovirus”

Apium graveoloens

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from plants that were inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Phyllosticta apii;
Phytophthora cryptogea;
Pseudomonas syringae pv. *apii*
Strawberry latent ringspot nepovirus”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from *Phyllosticta apii*;
Phytophthora cryptogea;
Pseudomonas syringae pv. *apii*
Strawberry latent ringspot nepovirus”

And

“Seeds are free from noxious weed seeds of *Cirsium arvense*;

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from *Cirsium arvense*”

Atriplex

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“The seeds originate from plants that were inspected during the active growing season and found free from: *Microsphaeropsis olivacea*”

Beta vulgaris

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from plants that were inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Ditylenchus dipsaci;

Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. *betae*

Beet 1 alphacryptovirus;

Beet 2 hybricriptovirus”

Brassica juncea

Brassica oleracea (all variants)

Brassica rapa

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from plants that were inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Leptosphaeria maculans anamorph *Phoma lingam*

Xanthomonas campestris pv. *campestris*”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from;

Leptosphaeria maculans. anamorph *Phoma lingam*

Xanthomonas campestris pv. *campestris*”

And

“Seeds have undergone a hot water treatment as specified in the treatment manual”

Brassica napus

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from plants that were inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Leptosphaeria maculans anamorph *Phoma lingam*

Xanthomonas campestris pv. *campestris*

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from;

Leptosphaeria maculans anamorph *Phoma lingam*

Xanthomonas campestris pv. *campestris*

And

“Seeds have undergone a hot water treatment as specified in the treatment manual”

Carthamus tinctorius

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from plants that were inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Cercospora carthami;
Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. *carthami*
Puccinia carthami;
Verticillium albo-atrum;
Safflower mosaic virus”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from;

Cercospora carthami;
Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. *carthami*
Puccinia carthami;
Verticillium albo-atrum;
Safflower mosaic virus”

Chaenomeles

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds are from an area of production inspected during the active growing season and found free from: *Gymnosporangium* spp.; Apple scar skin apscaviroid”

And

“Seeds are from an area known to be free from: *Erwinia amylovora*”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from *Erwinia amylovora*”

Chichorium

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from plants that were inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Alternaria chichorii;
Fusarium avenaceum;
Gibberella avenacea”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from;

Alternaria chichorii;
Fusarium avenaceum;
Gibberella avenacea”

Cicer

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from a field inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Ascochyta rabiei;

Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. *ciceris*;

Broad bean mottle bromovirus;

Pea mosaic potyvirus;

And

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from;

Ascochyta rabiei;

Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. *ciceris*;

Broad bean mottle bromovirus;

Pea mosaic potyvirus”

Citrullus lanatus

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from an area known to be free from: *Acidovorax avenae* subsp. *citrulli*”

And

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from: *Acidovorax avenae* subsp. *citrulli*”

And

“Seeds originate from plants that were inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Didymella bryoniae;

Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. *niveum*;

Glomerella lagenaria anamorph. *Colletotrichum orbiculare*

Cucumber green mottle mosaic tobamovirus;

Squash mosaic comovirus;

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from; *Didymella bryoniae*;

Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. *niveum*;

Glomerella lagenaria anamorph. *Colletotrichum orbiculare*

Cucumber green mottle mosaic tobamovirus;

Squash mosaic comovirus”

Coriandrum

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from plants that were inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Erwinia carotovora subsp. *betavasculorum*
Xanthomonas hortorum pv. *carotae*"

Or

"Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from;

Erwinia carotovora subsp. *betavasculorum*
Xanthomonas hortorum pv. *carotae*"

Cotoneaster

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

"Seeds are from an area of production inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Gymnosporangium spp.;
Phytophthora cinnamomi;
Apple scar skin apscaviroid"

And

"Seeds are from an area known to be free from: *Erwinia amylovora*"

Or

"Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from *Erwinia amylovora*"

Crataegus

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

"Seeds are from an area of production inspected during the active growing season and found free from: *Gymnosporangium* spp.; Apple scar skin apscaviroid"

And

"Seeds are from an area known to be free from: *Erwinia amylovora*"

Or

"Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from *Erwinia amylovora*"

Cucumis melo

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

"Seeds are from an area known to be free from: *Acidovorax avenae* subsp. *citrulli*

Or

"Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from this pest (based on a sample of 10,000 seeds)"

And

"Seeds originate from plants that were inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. *melonis*

Glomerella lagenaria anamorph *Colletotrichum orbiculare*
Melon necrotic spot carmovirus;
Melon rugose mosaic tymovirus;
Squash mosaic comovirus;
Tobacco ringspot nepovirus;
Or – “Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from;
Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. *melonis*
Glomerella lagenaria anamorph *Colletotrichum orbiculare*
Melon necrotic spot carmovirus;
Melon rugose mosaic tymovirus;
Squash mosaic comovirus;
Tobacco ringspot nepovirus”

Cucumis sativus

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds are from an area known to be free from: *Acidovorax avenae* subsp. *citrulli* “

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from this pest”

And

“Seeds originate from plants that were inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. *cucumerinum*;

Glomerella lagenaria anamorph *Colletotrichum orbiculare*

Pseudomonas syringae (all pathovars pathogenic to cucumber);

Xanthomonas cucurbitae

Cucumber green mottle mosaic tobamovirus;

Cucumber leaf spot carmovirus;

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from;

Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. *cucumerinum*;

Glomerella lagenaria anamorph *Colletotrichum orbiculare*

Pseudomonas syringae (all pathovars pathogenic to cucumber);

Xanthomonas cucurbitae

Cucumber green mottle mosaic tobamovirus;

Cucumber leaf spot carmovirus;”

Cucurbita

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds are from an area known to be free from: *Acidovorax avenae* subsp. *citrulli*”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from *Acidovorax avenae* subsp. *citrulli*”

And

“Seeds originate from plants that were inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. *melonis*;

Glomerella lagenaria anamorph *Colletotrichum orbiculare*

Or – “Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from *Fusarium oxysporum* f. sp. *melonis*; *Glomerella lagenaria* anamorph *Colletotrichum orbiculare*”

Cydonia

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds are from an area of production inspected during the active growing season and found free from: *Gymnosporangium* spp.; Apple scar skin apscaviroid”

And

“Seeds are from an area known to be free from: *Erwinia amylovora*”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from *Erwinia amylovora*”

Daucus carota

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds are free from noxious weed seeds of *Cirsium arvense*”

Foeniculum

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from plants that were inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Phomopsis phoenicola;

Phymatotrichopsis (Phymatotrichum) omnivore”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from;

Phomopsis phoenicola;

Phymatotrichopsis (Phymatotrichum) omnivore”

Helianthus annuus

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from plants grown in a country known to be free from:

Alternaria helianthi

Alternaria zinniae;

Diaphorthe helianthi.;
Leptosphaeria linguistii;
Septoria helianthi
Verticillium albo-atrum;
Pseudomonas syringae pv. *tagetis*
Sunflower mosaic virus;
Orobanche spp.”

Or

“Seeds originate from plants that were inspected during the active growing season and found free from;

Alternaria helianthi
Alternaria zinniae;
Diaphorthe helianthi.;
Leptosphaeria linguistii;
Septoria helianthi;
Verticillium albo-atrum;
Pseudomonas syringae pv. *tagetis*
Sunflower mosaic virus;
Orobanche spp.”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from;

Alternaria helianthi
Alternaria zinniae;
Diaphorthe helianthi.;
Leptosphaeria linguistii;
Septoria helianthi;
Verticillium albo-atrum;
Pseudomonas syringae pv. *tagetis*
Sunflower mosaic virus;
Orobanche spp.”

And

“Seeds have undergone a phosphine vapour treatment as specified in the treatment manual”

Lactuca sativa

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from:

Verticillium albo-atrum ;
Xanthomonas campestris pv. *vitians*;
Lettuce mosaic potyvirus (seed sample of 10,000)”

Malus

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds are from an area of production inspected during the active growing season and found free from: *Gymnosporangium* spp.; Apple scar skin apscaviroid”

And

“Seeds are from an area known to be free from: *Erwinia amylovora*”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from *Erwinia amylovora*”

Petroselinum

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from plants that were inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Phymatotrichopsis (Phymatotrichum) omnivora

Phytophthora cryptogea

Pythium debaryanum;

Strawberry latent ringspot nepovirus”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from

Phymatotrichopsis (Phymatotrichum) omnivora

Phytophthora cryptogea

Pythium debaryanum;

Strawberry latent ringspot nepovirus”

And

“Seeds are free from noxious weed seeds of *Cirsium arvense*;

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from *Cirsium arvense*.”

Phaseolus

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from a field inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Ditylenchus dipsaci;

Colletotrichum lindemuthianum

Colletotrichum truncatum;

Diaporthe phaseolorum var. *sojae*;

Phoma exigua;

Phyllosticta phaseolina;

Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. *flaccumfaciens*;

Pseudomonas syringae pv. *phaseolicola*

Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. *phaseoli*

Bean common mosaic potyvirus;

Tobacco streak ilarvirus;

And

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from;

Ditylenchus dipsaci;

Colletotrichum lindemuthianum

Colletotrichum truncatum;

Diaporthe phaseolorum var. *sojae*;

Phoma exigua;

Phyllosticta phaseolina;

Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. *flaccumfaciens*;

Pseudomonas syringae pv. *phaseolicola*

Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. *phaseoli*;

Bean common mosaic potyvirus;

Tobacco streak ilarvirus”

Pisum

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from a field inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Ascochyta pinodes;

Pseudomonas syringae pv. *pisi*;

Pea enation mosaic enamovirus;

Pea seed-borne mosaic potyvirus”

And

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *pisi*”

Treatment:

Seeds have undergone a phosphine vapour treatment and an appropriate chemical treatment as specified in the treatment manual”

Prunus dulcis

Prunus armeniaca

Prunus persica

Prunus domestica

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds are from an orchard inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Phytophthora cinnamomi;

Plum pox potyvirus;

Prune dwarf ilarvirus;

Prunus necrotic ringspot ilarvirus”

And

“Seeds will be tested upon arrival in an official laboratory (200 seeds per 50Kg.) for freedom from the following pests:

Plum pox potyvirus;

Prune dwarf ilarvirus;

Prunus necrotic ringspot ilarvirus”

Treatment:

Seeds have undergone a phosphine vapour treatment as specified in the treatment manual

Prunus avium

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds are from an area of production inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Plum pox potyvirus;

Prune dwarf ilarvirus;

Prunus necrotic ringspot ilarvirus”

And

“Seeds are from an orchard inspected during the active growing season and found free from: *Phytophthora cinnamomi*”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from *Phytophthora cinnamomi*”

And

“Seeds will be tested upon arrival in an official laboratory (200 seeds per 50Kg.) for freedom from the following pests:

Plum pox potyvirus;

Prune dwarf ilarvirus;

Prunus necrotic ringspot ilarvirus”

Treatment:

Seeds have undergone a phosphine vapour treatment as specified in the treatment manual.

Pyracantha

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds are from an area of production inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Gymnosporangium spp.;

Phytophthora cinnamomi;

Apple scar skin apscaviroid”

And

“Seeds are from an area known to be free from *Erwinia amylovora*”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from *Erwinia amylovora*”

Pyrus

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds are from an area of production inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Gymnosporangium spp.;

Phytophthora cinnamomi;

Apple scar skin apscaviroid”

And

“Seeds are from an area known to be free from: *Erwinia amylovora*”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from *Erwinia amylovora*”

Salpiglossis

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from plants that were inspected during the active growing season and found free from: *Clavibacter michiganensis* subsp. *michiganensis*”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from *Clavibacter michiganensis* subsp. *michiganensis*”

Sesamum indicum

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from a field inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Alternaria sesami;

Cercospora sesami;

Corynespora cassiicola;

Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. *vasinfectum*;

Helminthosporium sesami;

Pseudomonas syringae pv. *sesami*;

Xanthomonas campestris pv. *sesame*”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from;

Alternaria sesami;

Cercospora sesami;

Corynespora cassiicola;

Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. *vasinfectum*;
Helminthosporium sesami;
Pseudomonas syringae pv. *sesami*;
Xanthomonas campestris pv. *sesame*”

Trifolium

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds are certified”

And

“Seeds originate from a field inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Ditylenchus dipsaci;
Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. *insidiosus*
Phoma medicaginis;
Sclerotinia spermophila;
Sclerotinia trifoliorum;
Verticillium albo-atrum;
Subterranean clover mottle sobemovirus;

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from; *Ditylenchus dipsaci*;

Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. *insidiosus*
Phoma medicaginis;
Sclerotinia spermophila;
Sclerotinia trifoliorum;
Verticillium albo-atrum;
Subterranean clover mottle sobemovirus”

Treatment:

Seeds have undergone an appropriate chemical treatment as specified in the treatment manual.

Trigonella

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from a field inspected during the active growing season and found free from: *Cercospora traversiana*”

And

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from *Cercospora traversiana*”

Vicia faba

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from a field inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Ditylenchus dipsaci;

Ascochyta fabae;

Botrytis fabae;

Artichoke yellow ringspot nepovirus;

Broad bean stain comovirus;

Pea seed-borne mosaic potyvirus;

Pea early browning tobnavirus;

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from; *Ditylenchus dipsaci*;

Ascochyta fabae;

Botrytis fabae;

Artichoke yellow ringspot nepovirus;

Broad bean stain comovirus;

Pea seed-borne mosaic potyvirus;

Pea early browning tobnavirus”

Treatment:

Seeds have undergone a phosphine vapour treatment as specified in the treatment manual

Vicia sativa

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from a field inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Colletotrichum truncatum;

Pseudomonas syringae pv. *pisi*;

Pea mosaic potyvirus”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from;

Colletotrichum truncatum;

Pseudomonas syringae pv. *pisi*;

Pea mosaic potyvirus”

Vigna sinensis

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Additional Declaration:

“Seeds originate from a field inspected during the active growing season and found free from:

Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. *phaseoli*

Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. *vignicola*”

Or

“Seeds have been tested in an official laboratory and found free from;

Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. *phaseoli*

Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. *vignicola*”

4.4.2 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Consumption

Conditions:

Refer Section 3.4.2

Anacardium occidentale

Pistacia vera

Crylus

Castanea sativa

Juglans regia

Prunus dulcis

Cashew nut

Pistachio

Hazelnut

Chestnut

Walnut

Almond

In shell seeds or nuts for consumption

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Treatment:

The consignment has undergone a vapour treatment with methyl bromide in accordance with the requirements detailed in the treatment manual.

Dried grains (for human consumption, animal feed or oil extraction, excluding cotton seeds (*Gossypium hirsutum*))

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate not required.

Certificate of origin required.

Helianthus annuus

Sunflower

In shell seeds for consumption

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required

Treatment:

The consignment has undergone a vapour treatment, with either phosphine or methyl bromide, in accordance with the requirements detailed in the treatment manual.

Nuts (for human consumption, without shells), excluding peanuts (*Arachis hypogaea*) and pecans (*Carya illinoensis*)

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate not required.

Certificate of origin required.

4.4.3 Seeds, Grains and Nuts with Shells for Processing

Conditions:

Refer Section 3.4.3

4.4.4 Seeds, Grains and Shelled Nuts for Processing

Conditions:

Refer Section 3.4.4

4.5 Growing Media

Conditions:

Refer Section 3.5

4.6 Miscellaneous

Bamboo, straw and rattan products

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required.

Treatment:

The consignment has undergone a vapour treatment with methyl bromide in accordance with the requirements detailed in the treatment manual.

Broomcorn

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required.

The consignment must be free from weed seeds;

Treatment:

The consignment has undergone a methyl bromide treatment in accordance with the requirements detailed in the treatment manual.

Dried flowers, leaves and branches for herbal infusions

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate not required.

Certificate of origin required.

Mycelium and spores for the production of edible mushrooms

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate not required.

Treatment:

The mycelium and spores must be sterile and hermetically packaged. The consignment has undergone a vapour treatment with methyl bromide in accordance with the requirements detailed in the treatment manual.

Wood bark

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required.

Treatment:

The consignment has undergone a vapour treatment with methyl bromide in accordance with the requirements detailed in the treatment manual.