



# CONTROLLED AREA NOTICE

## in Respect of *Echinococcus granulosus* (Hydatids) (Notice No. 294)

Issued under the Biosecurity Act 1993

### 1. Revocation

The Controlled Area Notice in Respect of *Echinococcus granulosus* (Hydatids) (Notice No. 1682), dated 5 May 2010, and published in the New Zealand Gazette, No. 55, dated 13 May 2010, page 1520, is revoked.

### 2. Commencement

This notice takes effect on the date of its publication in the New Zealand Gazette.

### 3. Interpretation

In this notice:

**Act** means the Biosecurity Act 1993.

**controlled area** means an area for the time being declared under section 131(2) of the Act to be a controlled area and for the purposes of this notice includes the whole of New Zealand.

**livestock** means animals kept for use or profit and includes, but is not limited to, sheep, goats, cattle, pigs, deer, horses, llamas, and alpacas.

**offal** means all internal organs of livestock including, but not limited to, liver and lungs.

**treated** means either:

- (a) boiled for a minimum of 30 minutes; or
- (b) frozen to minus 10 degrees Celsius, or colder, and maintained at that temperature for at least ten days.

**untreated offal** means offal that has not been treated.

### 4. Declaration of a Controlled Area

Pursuant to section 131(2) of the Act, I declare the whole of New Zealand to be a controlled area to enable the limitation of the spread of true hydatids (*Echinococcus granulosus*), being an unwanted organism under the Act.

### 5. Notice of Controls

Under section 131(3)(b) of the Act, I give notice of the following:

(a) within the controlled area:

- (i) a person being the owner of, or in charge of, a dog must control their dog at all times in such a manner as to prevent them from having access to untreated offal (unless the untreated offal is derived from livestock slaughtered by a processor operating a risk management programme registered under the Animal Products Act 1999);
- (ii) offal derived from livestock must not be fed to dogs unless it has been either:
  - (A) treated; or
  - (B) slaughtered by a processor operating a risk management programme registered under the Animal Products Act 1999;
- (iii) occupiers of land must dispose of, as soon as possible, dead livestock in a manner that prevents it from being accessed by dogs, including stray dogs.

Dated at Wellington this 22nd day of November 2013

Katherine Clift  
Deputy Chief Technical Officer, Ministry for Primary Industries