

Animal Fibre

ANIFIBRE.ALL

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New Zealand Government

Title

Guidance Document: [Animal Fibre]

About this document

This guidance document contains information about acceptable ways of ensuring compliance with the requirements in the *Import Health Standard (IHS): Animal Fibre*.

Any guidance on how to comply with the applicable requirements may not be the only way to achieve compliance. Stakeholders are encouraged to discuss departures from the approaches outlined in this guidance document with the Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) to avoid expending resources on the development of alternative approaches which may later be considered unsuitable.

The term "must" is not typically used in guidance. In this particular document if the term "must" is used, it is used in the context of quoting or paraphrasing the requirements set out in the related *IHS: Animal Fibre*.

Related requirements

Import Health Standard: Animal Fibre

Document history

Refer to Appendix 1.

Contact details

For further information and questions about this guidance document, please contact:

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Disclaimer

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1 Purpose

- (1) [This guidance document has been issued to accompany the *IHS: Animal Fibre*. This guidance document should be read in conjunction with that standard.
- (2) This document includes:
 - a) A model manufacturer's declaration.
 - b) A model fibre certifier's declaration.
 - c) A model veterinary certificate.
 - d) Country-specific negotiated veterinary certificates.

2 Background

(1) The IHS: Animal Fibre which this guidance document accompanies contains import requirements. These are the rules to manage the biosecurity risk of importing animal fibre from all countries that can meet the requirements of the IHS and in doing so meet New Zealand's appropriate level of protection. The IHS serves as the basis for country-to-country (bilateral) negotiations. This guidance document contains a model veterinary certificate and the bilaterally-agreed veterinary certification for trade in animal fibre. Country-specific veterinary certificates represent what will be certified prior to exporting consignments of animal fibre from the country specified.

3 Definitions

(1) Refer to Schedule 1 of the IHS: Animal Fibre for definitions.

4 Importer Responsibilities

- (1) This guidance document is subject to review and amendment at any time to ensure that it continues to meet its purpose. All stakeholders are responsible for ensuring that the most recent version of the guidance document, as available on the MPI website, is used.
- (2) The costs to MPI in performing functions relating to the importation of animal fibre will be recovered in accordance with the Biosecurity Act 1993 (the Act) and any regulations made under that Act. All costs involved with documentation, transport, storage and obtaining a biosecurity clearance must be covered by the importer or agent.

5 Guidance

5.1 Equivalence

- (1) MPI's preference is that the exporting country's Competent Authority makes equivalence requests. Equivalence requests can be lodged with Animal Imports <u>animalimports@mpi.govt.nz</u>.
- (2) MPI may accept an alternative method, system or process that can be shown to achieve the biosecurity requirements of the IHS (i.e. equivalence).
- (3) A permit to import may be required where specific equivalence measures are approved by MPI in the IHS. A permit to import serves as evidence of equivalence decisions which will be written as specific notes in the special conditions section of the permit.
- (4) Permit to import application forms can be found on the MPI website at: <u>http://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/regs/imports/animals/forms</u>.

(5) Completed applications are lodged with Animal Imports <u>animalimports@mpi.govt.nz</u>.

5.2 Permit to import

- (1) Where required under this IHS, a permit to import must accompany the consignment of animal fibre.
- (2) Permit to import application forms can be found on the MPI website at: <u>http://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/regs/imports/animals/forms.</u>
- (3) The application form should specify a transitional facility where the animal fibre will be directed to for further processing. The transitional facility must be approved at the time of import to the requirements of MPI General Transitional Facilities for Uncleared Goods (MPI-STD-TFGEN), Annex F: Animal products.
- (4) Completed applications can be submitted to Animal Imports <u>animalimports@mpi.govt.nz</u>.

5.3 Incorporation of material by reference

- (1) Incorporation by reference means that standards, guidelines or lists are incorporated into the IHS and they form part of the requirements. This is done because technical documents are too large or impractical to include in the IHS.
- (2) Where the IHS states that section 142O(1) of the Act does not apply, this means that importers need to refer to the most recent version of any standards, guidelines or lists that are incorporated by reference in the IHS.

5.4 Inspection and verification

- (1) On arrival, all documentation accompanying the consignment will be verified by an inspector. The inspector may also inspect the consignment, or a sample of the consignment on arrival.
- (2) Inspectors are able to inspect and verify due to their authorised powers under the Act.
- (3) Products that do not meet the requirements of the standard will be authorised for treatment, reshipment or destruction. Importers are therefore advised to comply with the standard so as to avoid any delays or extra costs incurred as a result of non-compliance.
- (4) Where products imported under this standard are authorised for treatment, these consignments can be directed to an approved MPI treatment supplier and treated in accordance with the relevant measures specified in the IHS.

5.5 Samples of animal fibre for evaluation and testing

- (1) It is recognised that there is a need for samples of animal fibre to be imported from time to time. As such, samples of animal fibre for evaluation and testing purposes can be imported with a permit under either this IHS or the MPI IHS: Biological Products (Including Samples) from All Countries (http://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/imports/plants/standards/bioprodic.all.htm).
- (2) Samples of animal fibre for evaluation and testing can be directed to either MPI General Transitional Facilities for Uncleared Goods (MPI-STD-TFGEN), Annex F: Animal Products, or Transitional Facilities for Biological Products (154.02.17).
- (3) Animal fibre may be eligible for clearance after evaluation and testing if it has been treated in accordance with the relevant measures in the IHS (e.g. unprocessed wool can undergo gamma irradiation, fumigation with formalin or heat treatment).

5.6 Agreed country specific veterinary certificates

(1) All country-specific veterinary certificates agreed between an exporting country's Competent Authority and MPI are included in the table below:

Country	Link to certificate	S27 CTO direction #	Date agreed	Date applicable for use
European Union	Link to be added	Not applicable	NZ/EU Agreement (97/132/EC) as last amended	25 September 2014 Note: This certificate is for scoured-only wool. All other commodities of animal fibre from the EU should use the model veterinary certificate.

- (2) Country-specific veterinary certificates with equivalent measures will be recorded with a number relevant to a Chief Technical Officer (CTO) direction under section 27(1)d(iii) of the Act, to enable border staff to clear the goods and record the number in the MPI database.
- (3) When a newly negotiated country-specific veterinary certificate replaces one which is currently in use, the application of new import conditions will apply according to the dates listed in the table. At that time previous veterinary certificates for that country can no longer be used.

6 Specified Requirements for Risk Organisms

(1) The risk management requirements for identified risk organisms are outlined in Part 2 of the *IHS: Animal Fibre.*

7 Model Manufacturer's Declaration

	Company Letterhead						
1.	-	oorter name: dress:					
2.	Cοι	untry of destination: New Zealand	3.	Country of origin:			
4.	Des	scription of commodity:	1				
5.	Invo	pice number:	6.	Nature of packaging:			
7.	Net	weight in kilograms (kg):	8.	Number of packages:			
9.	Nur	nber of container(s) and container seal number(s):	L				
10.	Spe	ecies animal fibre derived from:					
	I,, the Quality manager (or equivalent) of the manufacturing premises declare that the fibre in this consignment has been treated in the following manner and subsequently has been packaged in new, clean and secure packaging:						
(Ple	ase (delete clauses not applicable to the product for export.)					
For	For fibre from specified ruminants						
(1)	1) Scoured fibre has been:						
	a) Commercially scoured (at 60-70°C for at least 3 minutes); and		nd				
	b)	After scouring fibre was:					
		 Washed in water at 75°C for at least 1 minute; or Dried at 70°C for at least 2 minutes. 					
(2)	(2) Scoured and carded fibre has been:						
	a)	Commercially scoured (at 60-70°C for at least 3 minutes); a	nd				
	b)	After scouring fibre was:					
		 Washed in water at 75°C for at least 1 minute; or Dried at 70°C for at least 2 minutes; and 					
	c)	Processed to remove seeds/plant material by:					
		 i) Carding and combing; or ii) Carding using a high pressure crushing roller; or iii) Acid carbonising. 					

(3)	*Sc	oured and dyed fibre has been:				
	a) b)	Commercially scoured (at 60-70°C for at least 3 minutes); and Hot water dyed (at 85-100°C for at least 1 hour).				
For	kang	garoo, wallaby, possum or rabbit fibre				
(1)	Fibr	re has been:				
	a)	Immersed in hot water at 90°C for 45 minutes, 95°C for 25 minutes or 100°C for 15 minutes; or				
	b)	Washed in water heated to a temperature of at least 75°C for at least 5 minutes, in the presence of a non-ionic detergent at a concentration of 1 g per litre; or				
	c)	Commercially scoured (at 60-70°C for at least 3 minutes) and then dried at 70°C for at least 2 minutes.				
*Fo	r min	k fibre, bristles or hair				
(1)	Fibr	re has been:				
	a)	Immersed in hot water at 90°C for 45 minutes, 95°C for 25 minutes or 100°C for 15 minutes.				
For	feath	ners				
(1)	Fea	thers have been:				
	a)	Commercially washed.				
For	bulk	wool grease/lanolin				
(1)	Woo	ol grease has been:				
	a)	Purified by acid treatment at a temperature of at least 95°C for at least 6 hours following scouring.				
*No	*Note: The manufacturer's declaration, where required in the import health standard, must be endorsed by the Veterinary Authority of the country of origin. Third country processed fibre must be endorsed by the Veterinary Authority in the country of processing.					
Nar	ne:					
Sigi	nature	e: Date:				

8 Model Fibre Certifier's Declaration

	Company Letterhead					
1.	Exporter name: Address:					
2.	Country of destination: New Zealand	3.	Country of origin:			
4.	Description of commodity:					
5.	Invoice number:	6.	Nature of packaging:			
7.	Net weight in kilograms (kg):	8.	Number of packages:			
9.	Number of container(s) and container seal number(s):					
10.	0. Species animal fibre derived from:					
I, in th fibre	I,, being a person with a minimum of one year's processing experience in the wool industry and with an ability to recognise scoured fibre and scoured and carded fibre, certify with respect to the animal fibre identified in the veterinary certificate that:					
(1)						
(2)	(2) The fibre in this consignment has been packaged in new, clean and secure packaging.					
NOTE: This declaration must be accompanied by a veterinary certificate stating that the Official Veterinarian has no reason to doubt the veracity of this declaration. It must also be able to be clearly linked to the veterinary certificate.						
Nan	ne:					
Sigr	nature: Da	te:				

9 Model Veterinary Certificate

(1) Veterinary certificates should be produced in accordance with the guidelines and overarching principles of the *Code* (Chapter 5). Exporting competent authorities must ensure that each certificate contains adequate information to link it to the consignment being imported.

Country:					
Certificate reference number: Comp		Compete	etent authority:		
patched	1.	Importer name: Address:		2.	Exporter name: Address:
Part 1: Details of dispatched consignment	3.	Country of destination: New Zealand		4.	Country of origin:
Part 1: D consignr	5.	Place of shipment:		6.	Place of origin: Name: Address:
	7.	Date of departure:			Address:
	8.	Description of commodity:			
	9.	Net weight in kilograms (kgs):		10.	Number of packages:
	11.	Nature of packaging:		12.	Nature of goods:
	13.	Name and official approval number(s) of establishment(s):		14.	Number of the container(s) and container seal number(s):
	15.	Commodities intended for use:		16.	Production date(s):
	17.	Species product derived from:			
	18. Product derived from animals born and reared: [list applicable countries/member states]		countries/member states]		

Continued over page.

Vete	erin	ary	y attestations: Certificate reference number:				
			igned Official Veterinarian, after due examination, have no reason to doubt the veracity of the a or fibre certifier's declaration (if presented) and further certify that the fibre in this consignment:	attached manufacturer's			
Plea	ise a	lelete	te clauses not applicable to the product for export.)				
1)	For	unpr	processed, scoured-only, scoured and carded, or third country processed ruminant fibr	e:			
	a)	Anth	nthrax:				
		i) ii)	establishments that are not under movement restrictions for the control of anthrax and whe	umption and come from			
		iii) iv)) Fibre has been treated by immersion in hot water at 90°C for 45 minutes, 95°C for 25 minut minutes; or	es or 100°C for 15			
		v) vi)					
	b)	Foot	pot and mouth disease:				
		i)	Fibre originates from a country or zone that is officially free from FMD where vaccination is accordance with the <i>Code</i> ; or	not practised in			
		ii)	 Fibre: Originates from animals resident in a zone in which no case of FMD has occurred with the last 30 days and from holdings that have been FMD free for the previous 3 months Will be at least 4 weeks in transit to New Zealand or has been stored for at least 4 we 	s; and			
	c)	Lum	impy skin disease (LSD) and sheep and goat pox virus:				
		i)	No cases of LSD (for cattle and water buffaloes only) and sheep and goat pox virus (for she occurred in the country in which the fibre is derived for at least the past three years in account				
(2)	For	kang	ngaroo, wallaby or possum fibre:				
	a)	Anth	nthrax:				
		i) ii) iii)		re no case of anthrax ha			
	b) If the fibre was not immersed in hot water as per clause 2a(iii), then the fibre has been processed in the follow						
		i)	Washed in water heated to a temperature of at least 75°C for at least 5 minutes, in the pres	ence of a non-ionic			
		ii)	detergent at a concentration of at least 1g per litre; or Commercially scoured (at 60-70°C for at least 3 minutes) and then dried at a temperature of minutes.	of 70°C for at least 2			
(3)	For	rabbi	bbit fibre:				
	a) Anthrax:						
	,	i) ii)	Pulled, plucked, brushed or shaved fibre originates from live and healthy animals; or				
		iii) iv)	Fibre is derived from an anthrax-free area; or	00°C for 15 minutes.			
	b)	If the	the fibre was not immersed in hot water as per clause 3a(iv), then the fibre has been processe	d in the following manne			
		i)	Washed in water heated to a temperature of at least 75°C for at least 5 minutes, in the pres detergent at a concentration of at least 1g per litre; or	ence of a non-ionic			
		::)		1 70°O f ! ! . O			

ii) Commercially scoured (at 60-70°C for at least 3 minutes) and then dried at a temperature of 70°C for at least 2 minutes.

 (4) For mink fibre, bristles or hair: a) Fibre has been immersed in hot water at 90°C for 45 minutes, 95°C for 25 minutes or 100°C for 15 minutes. 				
Official Veterinarian:				
Name:	Official position:			
Address:	Signature:			
Email:	Date: Official stamp			

Appendix 1 – Document History

Date First Issued	Title	Shortcode
25 September 2014	Animal Fibre	ANIFIBRE.ALL
Date of Issued Amendments	Title	Shortcode

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