Forestry Regulatory System

The Forestry Regulatory System includes a suite of legislative instruments that provide for the regulation of privately owned indigenous forests, log traders and forestry advisers, forestry elements of the Emissions Trading Scheme (ETS) and the environmental effects of commercial plantation forestry. Additional regulation relating to forestry, such as health and safety requirements, is managed by other agencies.

Objectives

- > Indigenous forest on private land is sustainably managed
- > Supply chain integrity is supported by registration of log traders and forestry advisers
- > New Zealand meets its domestic climate change reduction targets and its international climate obligations
- > Plantation forestry environmental outcomes are maintained or improved
- > National consistency in local rules make forestry practice requirements more certain
- > Market access for New Zealand forestry exports is safeguarded and enhanced
- > International trade in illegally harvested timber is prevented, and the risk that timber imported into New Zealand is sourced from illegally harvested timber is reduced
- > Natural resources such as freshwater are appropriately managed

PORTFOLIO	Forestry
STATUTES	Forests Act 1949
	Forestry Encouragement Act 1962
	Forestry Rights Registration Act 1983
	Forests (West Coast Accord) Act 2000
	Resource Management Act 1991 (Ministry for the Environment)
	Climate Change Response Act 2002 (Ministry for the
	Environment)
	Overseas Investment Act 2005 (Treasury)
OTHER GOVERNMENT	Department of Conservation Te Papa Atawhai
AGENCIES WITH SUBSTANTIAL	Environmental Protection Authority Te Mana Rauhī Taiao
ROLES	Land Information New Zealand Toitū Te Whenua
	Local and Regional Authorities
	Ministry for the Environment Manatū Mō Te Taiao
	Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment Hīkina
	Whakatutuki
	New Zealand Trade and Enterprise Te Taurapa Tūhono

Planned regulatory amendments to legislation – 2022/2023

MATTER NAME	PURPOSE	PLANNED	STATUS
		CONSULTATION	
Forests (Legal Harvest Assurance) Amendment Bill Matter type: Bills	To strengthen the international reputation of the forestry sector, safeguard and enhance market access for the forestry	The Bill will be subject to public consultation as part of the Select Committee review process. Provision has also been	Under consideration by Parliament. Follow the Bill's progress here: Forests (Legal Harvest Assurance) Amendment Bill (parliament.nz)
	sector, reduce the risk of importing timber that is not legally harvested, and help reduce international trade that is not legally harvested.	made for engagement with all affected parties during the development of enabling regulations and rules.	
Forests (Regulation of	To ensure that logs	Public consultation was	Registration for log
Log Traders and Forestry Advisers)	grown in New Zealand are bought and sold,	undertaken on registration, cost	traders and forestry advisers begins in August
Regulations	and forestry advice is	recovery, and rules for	2022.
	provided, in a way that	a code of ethics for	
Matter type: Regulations	is transparent and professional.	forestry advisers.	
Managing exotic	This work proposes to	Public consultation and	Final policy decisions are
afforestation	change the forestry	targeted engagement	expected to be made
incentives	settings within the New Zealand	concluded on 22 April 2022.	either later in the year or early 2023.
Matter type: Bills	Emissions Trading Scheme to better manage permanent exotic afforestation.	2022.	earry 2023.
Climate Change	To provide operational	Public consultation and	The regulations must be
(Forestry Sector) Regulations 2022	detail needed to implement changes in	targeted engagement on policy decisions	published by 1 October 2022 and will take effect
Negulations 2022	the Climate Change	concluded on 15	on 1 January 2023.
Matter type:	Response Act that will	January 2020 and 9	,
Regulations	come into force on 1	April 2021. Exposure	
	January 2023 (e.g.	draft of the regulations	
	rules for calculating forest carbon stock	released and targeted engagement concluded	
	under averaging	July 2022. Closing date	
	accounting).	for submissions was 5 August 2022.	

AS OF 8 August 2022				
MATTER NAME	PURPOSE	PLANNED	STATUS	
		CONSULTATION		
Changing the surrender/repayment penalty for small forestry participants in the New Zealand ETS Matter type: Bills	This work proposes to extend the use of the excess emissions penalty for small forestry participants until 31 December 2024 and implement a new surrender/ repayment penalty from 1 January 2025, to reduce the risk of financial hardship for small forestry participants.	Public consultation closes on 30 August 2022.	Policy decisions are expected to be made in late September/October 2022. Legislative changes will be needed to extend the excess emissions penalty and to implement a new penalty.	
National Environmental Standards for Plantation Forestry (NES-PF) Matter type: Regulations	To consider amending the National Environmental Standards for Plantation Forestry (NES-PF) to include permanent exotic afforestation, to strengthen councils' ability to manage the location of new afforestation, to improve environmental management by addressing some of the key findings of the Year One Review of the NES-PF, and to introduce wildfire management plans for all forests managed under the NES-PF.	Consultation alongside MfE is planned for later in 2022.	This workstream is under consideration until relevant decisions are made.	
Primary Industries Regulatory Systems Amendment Bill Matter type: Bills	To improve primary industry regulatory systems by ensuring they are effective, efficient and accord with best industry practice.	Public consultation will be through the Select Committee process.	In process of being drafted following Cabinet consideration.	

Planned regulatory amendments to legislation led by other agencies

MATTER NAME	PURPOSE	STATUS
Overseas Investment (Forestry)	To ensure that overseas	Read more about this Bill on the
Amendment Bill	investment that result in the	Treasury website:
	conversion of farmland or other	
Matter type: Bills	land to forestry benefits New	Overseas Investment Act 2005:
	Zealand, and that any risks can	Forestry Review
Lead Agency: Treasury	be better managed.	(treasury.govt.nz)

Key service design and operational changes

2022	Industry Transformation Plan
2022	
	The Forestry and Wood Processing Industry Transformation Plan (ITP) seeks to
	transform the sector and build a productive, sustainable, inclusive, and low
	emissions economy. The draft ITP proposes a suite of actions to encourage greater
	processing of wood fibre onshore, increase the production of higher-value wood
	products, and catalyse growth in the emerging bioeconomy.
	Public consultation on the draft ITP began in August 2022, with the aim of
	releasing a final Plan in late 2022.