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Date: 02.06.04

OVERSEAS MARKET ACCESS REQUIREMENTS NOTIFICATION
ANIMAL PRODUCTS ACT 1999
BIOSECURITY AUTHORITY

OMAR B BOVANIEC.PHI - CATTLE to THE PHILIPPINES

1. Statutory authority

Pursuant to section 60 of the Animal Products Act 1999, I notify the following overseas market access requirements, entitled cattle to the Philippines.

This notice takes effect from date of signing.

Dated at Wellington this 3rd day of June 2004.

Signed by Derek Belton
Director Animal Biosecurity
MAF Biosecurity Authority
(pursuant to delegated authority)

2. The Philippines Requirements

Cattle exported from New Zealand to the Philippines must comply with the import requirements of the Philippines listed in this notice as follows:

2.1 An import permit is required for the exportation of cattle to the Philippines.

2.2 An official veterinarian of New Zealand must certify the following:

2.2.1 New Zealand is free from anthrax, bluetongue, *Brucella abortus*, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, foot and mouth disease and rinderpest.

Vaccination against these diseases is not allowed.

2.2.2 The animals for export were resident on farms on which:

2.2.2.1 there has not been any evidence of outbreaks of the following diseases during the 12 months prior to the scheduled date of export:

- anthrax
- blackleg
- bovine malignant catarrh
- bovine genital campylobacteriosis
- enzootic bovine leucosis
- infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvovaginitis (IBR/IPV)
- Johne's disease
- leptospirosis
- mucosal disease/bovine viral diarrhoea complex

2.2.3 The herd is officially free of bovine tuberculosis and bovine brucellosis

2.2.4 The herd was free from clinical evidence of infectious bovine rhinotracheitis at the time of selection of the cattle for export

2.2.5 The herd has not been vaccinated using live virus IBR vaccines.

2.2.6 Within the 30 days prior to the scheduled date of shipment the cattle were subjected to management practices or tests with negative results, for the following diseases:

2.2.6.1 Johne's disease using an ELISA. Date samples taken.

2.2.6.2 enzootic bovine leucosis using an ELISA. Date samples taken.

2.2.6.3 bovine genital campylobacteriosis:

Either 2.2.6.3.1 by culture tests of preputial of adult bulls and vaginal washings of adult female animals. Date samples taken.

Or 2.2.6.3.2 the female cattle have never been mated naturally or artificially

Or 2.2.6.3.3 in the case of pregnant heifers (naturally or artificially mated) they were only inseminated by virgin bulls and/or bulls which were tested free from *Campylobacter fetus venerealis*.

2.2.6.4 Leptospirosis:

Either 2.2.6.4.1 using a serum agglutination lysis test for serotypes *L pomona*, and *L hardjo*. Date samples taken.

Or 2.2.6.4.2 the cattle were either treated twice at an interval of 14 days with dihydrostreptomycin, at a dose rate of 25 mg/kg body weight with the second treatment administered within 48 hours

of the scheduled date of shipment. Or they were treated with an antibiotic regime approved by the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry. Product used and date(s) of treatment.

2.2.7 Once the blood samples were taken for laboratory examination the cattle were isolated from other livestock not of an equivalent health status.

2.2.8 The cattle were treated within 48 hours of the scheduled date of shipment:

2.2.8.1 for internal parasites with a registered anthelmintic. Date of treatment, name of product and active ingredients.

2.2.8.2 with a registered acaricide. Date of treatment, name of product and active ingredients.

2.2.9 When the cattle were transported from the isolation premises to the point of embarkation they did not coming into contact with livestock that were not of equivalent health status.

2.2.10 The animals were inspected within 72 hours of the scheduled date of export and were considered healthy, free from the diseases listed in clause 2.2.2.1 and fit to travel.

2.2.11 The fodder to be used during transport was sourced from premises not known to be affected during the previous 12 months by outbreaks of the diseases listed in clause 2.2.2.1.

3. Revocations

OMAR B BOVANIEC.PHI 12.03.03 for cattle to the Philippines is revoked and replaced by this OMAR notification.

4. Definitions

For the purposes of this document:

Any term or expression that is defined in the Animal Products Act 1999 and used, but not defined in this document, has the same meaning as in this Act.

Explanatory note

These overseas market access requirements are based on import conditions provided by the exporter April 2004.

Additional Information for OMAR notification: BOVANIEC.PHI 02.06.04

1. An import permit is required.
2. MAF recommends that all cattle for export be tested with negative results for bovine tuberculosis prior to shipment.