



Day-old Chicks and Hatching Eggs to Taiwan (OMAR)

TWDAE19

Effective from 9 June 2023

TITLE

Animal Products Notice: Day-old Chicks and Hatching Eggs to Taiwan (OMAR)

COMMENCEMENT

This Animal Products Notice comes into force on 9 June 2023

REVOCATION

This Animal Products Notice revokes and replaces:

- OMAR B BIRDOCEC.TAI - DAY-OLD-CHICKS/HATCHING EGGS OF POULTRY to TAIWAN, dated 28 March 2006

ISSUING AUTHORITY

This Animal Products Notice is issued under sections 167(1) and 60(1) of the Animal Products Act 1999.

Dated at Wellington, 8th June 2023

Trish Mead
Manager Animal Health & Exports (acting)
Ministry for Primary Industries
(acting under delegated authority of the Director-General)

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Introduction

This introduction is not part of the Animal Products Notice, but is intended to indicate its general effect.

Purpose

The purpose of this document is to set out the zoosanitary requirements necessary to export compliant day-old chicks and hatching eggs from New Zealand to Taiwan.

Background

The Animal Products Act 1999 provides the controls and mechanisms needed to give and to safeguard official assurances or zoosanitary certificates to facilitate the entry of animal material including live animals, hatching eggs, semen and embryos, and products into overseas markets.

Notices issued as Overseas Market Access Requirements (OMARs) under section 60(1)(a) and (b) of the Animal Products Act specify the requirements that are necessary or desirable for the purpose of facilitating access to overseas markets or are in accordance with the requirements of the relevant authority of the importing country.

OMARs may also determine the form and content of the official assurances that can be issued for animal material or product, including live animals, hatching eggs, semen or embryos, which meet the specified requirements.

Where the OMAR determines the form and content of the official assurances, a separate export certificate template is available to authorised persons, recognised persons and registered exporters who have applied for access to the certificate templates, to facilitate the completion and issuing of the relevant official assurance. That template will be an amendable version of the form set in the OMAR.

Notices issued under section 60(1)(c) of the Animal Products Act to safeguard the assurances provided by New Zealand, and guidance in the form of Operational Codes, should be read in conjunction with this Notice.

This OMAR specifies the requirements that must be met by exporters of day-old chicks and hatching eggs to be exported from New Zealand to Taiwan and determines the form and content of the official assurance that must accompany the day-old chicks and hatching eggs to be exported. The OMAR was issued after consultation with industry and the government of Taiwan. It is based on Taiwan's *Quarantine Requirements for the Importation of Day-old Poultry and Birds and Fertilized Eggs* received by MPI in December 2022 and published in the BAPHIQ website.

Who should read this Animal Products Notice?

Exporters of day-old chicks and hatching eggs to Taiwan.

Why is this important?

This Notice is important because it sets out the requirements that need to be met so that the Director-General of the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) can certify that the day-old chicks and hatching eggs meet the requirements for export to Taiwan which New Zealand, in consultation with the government of Taiwan, has determined will apply. It should be noted that although the day-old chicks and hatching eggs may comply with these requirements and be given an official assurance (by way of a certificate), the importing country ultimately retains control over what day-old chicks and hatching eggs it clears for entry.

Document History

Version Date	Section Changed	Change(s) Description
9 June 2023	All sections	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• New OMAR format.• Updated import requirements including testing requirements for Avian Influenza as for BAPHIQ amendment for <i>Quarantine Requirements for the Importation of Day-old Poultry and Birds and Fertilized Eggs</i> of December 2022.

Other information

Export non-conformances

Exporters should note that, under section 51 of the Animal Products Act 1999, where they have exported animal material or products, including live animals, hatching eggs, semen and embryos, that are refused entry by the foreign government they have a statutory duty to notify the Director-General of MPI not later than 24 hours after they have first knowledge of the event.

Liability

Section 61A of the Animal Products Act 1999 states that:

The Crown is not liable, and nor is the Director-General or any employee of the Ministry liable, for any loss arising through the refusal or failure of the relevant authority of an overseas market to admit export animal material or animal product to that market.

Related documents

OMAR documents can be downloaded from <https://www.mpi.govt.nz/export-requirements/omars-for-live-animals-semen-and-embryos/>

When you click on the + symbol on the right-hand side of any OMAR document, you can view the related information and documents (guidance document and export certificate template).

The export certificate for this OMAR is provided for in *Day-old Chicks and fertilized (Hatching) Eggs to Taiwan (Export Certificate)*. The export certificate is password-protected through a RealMe® account.

Part 1: Requirements

1.1 Application

- (1) This Notice applies to the export of poultry day-old chicks and hatching eggs from New Zealand to Taiwan.

1.2 Definitions

- (1) In this Notice, unless the context otherwise requires:

Act means the Animal Products Act 1999.

poultry means land fowls such as chickens, turkeys, pheasants, quails, guinea fowls, partridges, grouses, peafowl, ostriches, emus and cassowaries.

day-old chicks means poultry chicks that are less than 72 hours old and have not been fed.

source flock means parent flocks of day-old chicks and/or hatching eggs for export.

- (2) A term used in this Notice that is defined in the Act or the following Notices (or their successors) has the meaning given to it in the Act or that Notice:
 - a) [Animal Products Notice: Official Assurances Specifications for Animal Material and Animal Products.](#)
 - b) [Animal Products Notice: Specifications for Laboratories.](#)

1.3 Requirements for export

- (1) Day-old chicks and hatching eggs exported from New Zealand to Taiwan must be accompanied by an official assurance in the form of a zoosanitary certificate, a sample version of which is included in Part 2.
- (2) A zoosanitary certificate must be completed and issued by an authorised person.
- (3) In order to issue a zoosanitary certificate, the authorised person must be satisfied that:
 - a) A permit to import the day-old chicks and hatching eggs has been issued by the competent authority of Taiwan.
 - b) The proposed shipment otherwise meets the requirements of this Notice.

1.4 Specific requirements for the zoosanitary certificate

- (1) For the purpose of satisfying clause 2.6 of the certificate the source flocks must be tested:
 - a) at least once within the 3 months prior to export with the method described in the certificate and,
 - b) at least once more prior to the test in 1.4(1)a) with an interval no longer than 3 months and no shorter than 1 month between the test in 1.4(1)a) and this test, using a serological test with negative results.

- (2) The following sample sizes apply according to the size of the source flock:

Number of birds in the breeding flock	Minimum number of samples for test prior to export (1.4(1)(1)a)	Minimum number of samples for regular monitoring (1.4(1)(1)b)
1-29	1-20 (all the birds, up to 20)	1-14 (all the birds, up to 14)-
30-39	25	17
40-49	30	17
50-59	35	18
60-89	40	18
90-199	50	20
200-499	55	21
500 or more	60	21

1.4.1 Non-negative results

- (1) Birds that are not negative on the Avian Influenza ELISA may be followed up with a Haemagglutination Inhibition (HI) test for the H5 and H7 subtypes conducted on the same individual birds. Negative HI results for all birds that are not negative to the Avian Influenza ELISA can be considered confirmatory of a negative status of the source flocks.
- (2) Birds that are not negative on the Newcastle Disease serology test may be followed up by PCR conducted on the same individual birds. Negative PCR results for all birds that are not negative to the Newcastle Disease serology test can be considered confirmatory of a negative status of the source flocks.
- (3) Birds that are not negative on the Salmonella SAT or ELISA may be followed up by PCR or culture on cloacal swabs collected from the same individual birds. Negative PCR or culture results for all birds that are not negative on the Salmonella SAT or ELISA can be considered as confirmatory of a negative status of the source flocks.
- (4) Any non-negative result that can't be confirmed negative as for (1), (2) and (3) is deemed a positive result for the purpose of clause 2.6 and this makes the source flock ineligible for export to Taiwan.

1.5 Laboratories

- (1) Where this Notice requires laboratory testing to be undertaken for official purposes the testing, unless otherwise stated must be done in laboratories recognised by MPI for this testing.

Part 2: Zoosanitary Certificate



Certificate No:

NEW ZEALAND MINISTRY FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES

ZOOSANITARY CERTIFICATE

Commodity: DAY-OLD CHICKS AND FERTILISED (HATCHING) EGGS OF POULTRY

To: TAIWAN

Exporting Country: NEW ZEALAND

Competent Authority: MINISTRY FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES

Import Permit Number:

I: IDENTIFICATION OF DAY-OLD CHICKS / FERTILISED EGGS

Species (scientific name)	Commodity Type (Day-old chicks or Fertilised eggs)	Quantity

Total quantity of day-old chicks / fertilised eggs in this consignment:

II: SOURCE OF DAY-OLD CHICKS / FERTILISED EGGS

Name, address and registered identifier of exporter:

.....

Name, address and registered identifier of MPI-approved premises or origin:

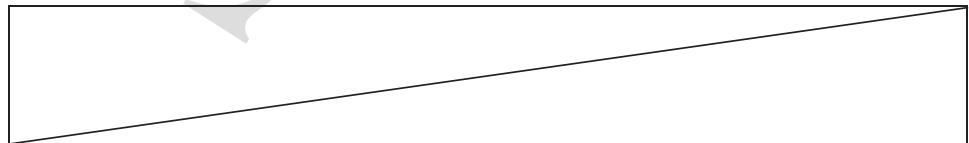
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III: DESTINATION OF DAY-OLD CHICKS / FERTILISED EGGS

Name and address of importer:

.....



IV: SANITARY INFORMATION**VETERINARY CERTIFICATE**

I, being an Official Veterinarian of the New Zealand government, certify, after due enquiry with respect to the day-old chicks/fertilised eggs identified in this Zoosanitary Certificate, that:

1. Country Health Status

- 1.1. New Zealand is recognised as free of highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) by Taiwan.

2. Premises of origin

- 2.1. The day-old chicks / fertilised eggs originated from premises approved and supervised by MPI including the hatchery and source flocks. The biosecurity measures applied on the premises comply with relevant recommendations stipulated in the *World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH) Terrestrial Animal Health Code*.
- 2.2. The source flocks have been kept in New Zealand for at least 6 months, or since hatching, without coming into contact with any imported poultry or wild birds.
- 2.3. No cases of the following diseases have been confirmed in the premises of origin in the past year:
- | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| avian infectious laryngotracheitis | Newcastle disease |
| fowl cholera | pullorum disease |
| infectious bursal disease | |
- 2.4. No cases of the following diseases have been confirmed in the premises of origin in the past six months:
- | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| avian chlamydiosis | fowl typhoid |
| avian encephalomyelitis | H5 and H7 subtypes avian influenza |
| avian infectious bronchitis | infectious coryza |
| avian mycoplasmosis (<i>M. gallisepticum</i>) | infectious synovitis (<i>M. synoviae</i>) |
| egg drop syndrome | |
- 2.5. The source flocks were not vaccinated against avian influenza.
- 2.6. The source flocks were subjected to regular testing of the following diseases with negative results:
- 2.6.1. For H5 and H7 subtype avian influenza:
- ELISA

Date of last sample collection (dd/MMM/yyyy)
Laboratory name:
Test methods:
Date of testing at laboratory (dd/MMM/yyyy)

 AND
 - Real-time RT-PCR on oropharyngeal and cloacal swabs.

Date of last sample collection (dd/MMM/yyyy)
Laboratory name:
Test methods:
Date of testing at laboratory (dd/MMM/yyyy)
- 2.6.2. For Newcastle disease: using real-time RT-PCR on oropharyngeal and cloacal swabs.
- | |
|----------------------------------------------------|
| Date of last sample collection (dd/MMM/yyyy) |
| Laboratory name: |
| Test methods: |
| Date of testing at laboratory (dd/MMM/yyyy) |

Certificate No:

2.6.3. Forpullorum disease: using SAT or ELISA

Date of last sample collection (dd/MMM/yyyy)

Laboratory name:

Test methods:.....

Date of testing at laboratory (dd/MMM/yyyy).....

2.7. The laboratory tests were done in accordance with the methods laid out in the WOA *Manual of Diagnostic Tests for Terrestrial Animals* and were carried out at officially approved laboratories.

3. Pre-export treatment and Transport

3.1. Fertilised eggs were fumigated/disinfected prior to incubation using a method approved by MPI for that purpose.

3.2. All boxes or containers used for transporting the day-old chicks / fertilised eggs were new and clean.

3.3. Prior to loading, the vehicle(s) used for transporting the day-old chicks / fertilised eggs to the port of departure was cleaned and disinfected.



.....
Signature of Official Veterinarian
Ministry for Primary Industries

.....
Official Stamp and Date

.....
Name of Official Veterinarian and Office Address

Note: The Official Veterinarian must sign, date and stamp each page of the veterinary certificate using a different colour ink to the paper and the print, and, where applicable, sign, date and stamp each page of the documents that form part of the extended health certification.